

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

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LIMA, OHIO, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1904.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

DOG MEAT IS COSTLY.

Port Arthur Has Provisions to Last Until February.

Expects Relief March First.

Trustworthy Advices Confirm the Report That General Kondrachenko Has Been Killed, and General Stoessel Injured by Falling From Horse.

Tokio, Dec. 28.—(10:30 a. m.)—Trustworthy advices from Port Arthur confirm the report that General Kondrachenko has been killed and that General Stoessel has been injured by falling from his horse. General Smiloff is also reported wounded.

The advices further say that the stern of the battleship Sevastopol has sunk in shallow water. Her bow is damaged in two places and the steering room gear is also damaged.

The garrison is reported to be confident in the belief that relief will arrive before March 1. Despite its heavy losses November 26 and subsequently the garrison is said to be cheerful and resolved to continue the struggle as long as a single soldier remains. The army claims to have sufficient provisions to last until February. The navy possesses about one month's stores. The price of food in the beleaguered fortress is high.

Horse meat is six copecks a pound, dog meat twenty-five copecks (correct) per pound; turkeys 150 roubles a piece; eggs 160 roubles per hundred. But a few junkies bearing supplies reached the garrison the past month. It is expected that the capture of the heights of Pigeon Bay will further curtail the landing of supplies.

Tokio, Dec. 28.—The army department publishes a list of the twenty-three officers killed and fifty-six wounded, presumably at Port Arthur.

Tokio, Dec. 28.—(10:30 a. m.)—The emperor today received in audience and decorated Captain Zudobson of the steamer Willehad, which had

FORMER SHOW GIRL THINKS THE FREEDOM

She Has Longed for, After Six Months, Is About to Be Granted Through Offer of West Virginians.

New York, Dec. 28.—Nan Patterson, the former show girl, who is in the Tombs prison, charged with the murder of Caesar Young, was in better spirits today than at any time since the second jury which heard the testimony in her case reported that they were unable to agree upon a verdict. She believed, she said, that the freedom for which she has longed for more than six months was about to be granted. Telegrams had come to her from Wheeling, W. Va., announcing that four prominent men in that city were prepared to furnish bail for her in any amount up to \$50,000.

"I have received telegrams from men offering to go on my bond," she said today, "but I do not feel at liberty to divulge the names of my new-found friends until I have consulted with my attorney."

If the offers from Wheeling have been made in good faith it is probable that the court will be asked within a few days to fix the amount of a bond. While Miss Patterson would not reveal the names of the Wheeling men who offer to go on her bond, dispatches from that city say they are Charles W. Swisher, secretary of state-elect, of Wheeling, and H. J. Price, a merchant, T. A. Deveney, a lawyer, and Howard Black, a banker of Fairmount.

Some Affirm—Some Deny. Fairmont, W. Va., Dec. 28.—T. A. Deveney, one of the wealthiest men in this city confirmed the report today that he, H. J. Price and Edward Slack, also local business men, would furnish Nan Patterson bond to the extent of \$50,000 if necessary, not in order to receive notoriety, but because they believe her innocent of the crime with which she is charged.

A telegram sent Nan Patterson at the Tombs, New York City, bore the names of the above, also that of C. W. Swisher, secretary of state-elect. Swisher positively claims he never signed the telegram or even authorized his name in any way to be used in this connection.

o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The services will be conducted by Rev. F. P. Bossart, pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran church, and the remains will be interred in Woodlawn cemetery.

GETTING READY FOR FRUIT. New York, Dec. 28.—All grades of refined sugar were advanced ten cents a hundred pounds today.

O'NEILL CAPTURED. Columbus, O., Dec. 28.—James O'Neill, who shot his wife to death Sunday morning while drunk, and wounded his son, was captured today, hiding in a house near the Ohio penitentiary. The man made no resistance.

The funeral will be held from the residence at 2 o'clock tomorrow at 2

ENTER SPECIFIC DENIAL OF SALE OF VESSELS.

Berlin, Dec. 28.—The Associated Press called the attention of the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd lines to reports circulated in London of recent sales of their steamers and received assurances from both companies that no steamer had been sold. The Hamburg-American officials added the specific denial that the steamer Goeben had been sold to an unknown purchaser and that she was going to Libau as announced last night in a despatch from Hamburg to a London news agency.

OHIO PASSED GOLDEN GATE.

Battleship Starts On First Cruise Since Commissioned to Test Wireless Telegraphy.

San Francisco, Dec. 28.—The battleship Ohio passed out through the Golden Gate today on the first cruise she has taken since she was commissioned. The object of the Ohio's trip is the testing of the wireless telegraph system recently installed by the government on the Farallones. During the cruise she will be in constant wireless communication with the Farallones and with the Mare Island navy yard, making daily reports to the latter place of the results of the test made with the Farallone station.

ABANDONED THEIR SHIP.

Twenty-Six Castaways Who Had Been Drifting About Cape Horn Picked Up.

Los Angeles, Dec. 28.—Capt. F. K. Fall, of the British ship Lonsdale, from New Castle-on-Tyne, just arrived at Port Angeles, tells of picking up 26 castaways who had been drifting about near Cape Horn for over a week. They had abandoned the British collier Elvion, which had burned at sea. The Lonsdale cruised around in the vicinity after picking up one boat load of eight men which had been drifting for six days, until the entire crew of twenty-six men were rescued. All but three of the men were left at Valparaiso.

EVERY SEA SWEEPED HER.

Attempt to Launch Life Boat to Rescue Drumelzier Crew

Almost Cost Life of Ten Men.

Desperate Attempts Made to Reach Helpless Steamship, But Efforts Were Vain Against Heavy Breakers, to Give the Assistance Which Had Been Asked For.

New York, Dec. 28.—The British steamer Drumelzier which went ashore on the sand bar off Fire Island last Saturday, was still aground today. The dense fog blanket which hung over the bay since yesterday has shut the steamer off entirely from view from the shore and it was feared that she might have broken up in the heavy storm and her crew of thirty-two men been lost. The steamer was showing no signal of distress when seen today. A tug was standing nearby. The Drumelzier had worked a little to the west of that place where she struck on the bar and the seas were breaking over her.

The sea continued very high today and the Drumelzier appeared to be laboring heavily. Every sea swept her from stem to stern and the wrecking tug apparently did not dare approach within a mile of where the steamer was lying. A revenue cutter which stood about two miles away from the Drumelzier succeeded in communicating with her by signals. By this means it was learned that there were twenty-nine men on the steamer. They asked that assistance be sent them.

It was said when the Drumelzier was first reported aground her crew consisted of thirty-two men. If that was correct it would appear that three lives already have been lost since the steamer struck the bar. An attempt to launch a life boat to go to the aid of the crew almost cost the lives of ten of the life-savers on the Fire Island beach today. The life boat was smashed and its crew narrowly escaped.

No sooner had the boat been put out from the shore than the huge waves swept over it and tossed it about at their mercy.

BARRY

Did Not Get His Warrant

From Governor

For Extradition of Dr. Chadwick.

He Will, However, Receive Papers in Time to Greet Cassie's Husband.

Failure to Certify Testimony of Reynolds Which Showed Chadwick in Cleveland March 3, 1903 Caused Delay.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Contrary to his expectations, Sheriff Barry of Cleveland, did not carry with him on his return to New York today a warrant for the extradition of Dr. Leroy Chadwick but he will undoubtedly receive the papers in New York tomorrow.

The sheriff who arrived here from New York last evening, came to the executive chamber this morning with his counsel, Judge John McDonough.

The requisition of Governor Herrick of Ohio was presented to Pardon and Requisition Clerk Joyce, who after a short examination pronounced it sufficient. His examination was confined to the affidavit of the district attorney of Cuyahoga county, certifying the authenticity of that part of the grand jury minutes that contains the testimony of Ira Reynolds to the effect that Dr. Chadwick was in Cleveland on March 5, 1903, when the forgery charged against him is alleged to have been committed.

It was the lack of this proof that caused Clerk Joyce to refuse the extradition when Sheriff Barry made his first request Monday. Clerk Joyce said that he wished to communicate with Governor O'Dell before issuing the warrant. He promised to do so at once and to send the papers to the Sheriff at New York police headquarters as soon as the governor had given his formal consent. The sheriff and

JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

Has Agreed to Negotiate Arbitration Treaty With the United States Representative.

Tokio, Dec. 28.—The Japanese government has agreed to negotiate an arbitration treaty with the United States. This is the result of American Minister Grisscomb's representations to Baron Komura, minister of foreign affairs, who has notified him that his government is pleased to accept America's invitation. Baron Komura further states that Japanese Minister Takahide is fully empowered to act with Secretary of State Hay and frame and sign a treaty of the kind at Washington. Although as yet undrafted, it is expected that this instrument will be modeled on similar lines with a series of treaties recently signed by President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay embodying the most advanced principles of international policy.

LARGE PART CONTRABAND.

Mongolia Sails Laden With Largest Cargo Ever Shipped Out of San Francisco.

San Francisco, Dec. 28.—Laden with the largest cargo ever shipped out of San Francisco on a vessel, the steamer Mongolia departed for Chinese and Japanese ports today. Her freight amounts to 13,000 tons. In her treasure tanks will be stored \$1,500,000. Much of the cargo for Japan is contraband. She also will carry several of the cabin list in Prince Fushimi who is returning to Japan, and Bishop Angus, papal delegate to the exposition.

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DIED TODAY IN HOSPITAL.

Bitter Feud Growing Out of Divorce Suit Petition Results in Husband's Death.

Philadelphia, Dec. 28.—Wm. Murray of Middletown, Pa., who was shot by Jefferson Garman, last Saturday, died today in a hospital in this city. Murray who had been separated from his wife for some time began proceedings for divorce a few weeks ago, naming Garman as the correspondent. On the day of the shooting, Murray and Garman met in the street of Middletown, and the latter it is said, drew a revolver and shot Murray through the stomach. Murray was brought to this city where he underwent an operation on Saturday. He grew rapidly worse until death ensued today. Garman is said to be a brother of John M. Garman, of Wilkes-Barre, former democratic state chairman. He was subsequently arrested and placed in jail.

FIVE PERCENT FOR THE YEAR.

Directors of Pennsylvania Indicate To Stockholders That Years Business Has Been Good.

Philadelphia, Dec. 28.—The directors of the Pennsylvania company today declared an annual dividend of 5 per cent for the year 1904, payable Dec. 31 to stockholders of record, December 1. This is an increase of one per cent. The Pennsylvania Co. controls the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg.

Philadelphia, Dec. 28.—The directors of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad today declared a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent on the preferred stock payable Jan. 15th, to stockholders of record Jan. 5th. A semi-annual dividend of 4 1/2 per cent was declared on the common stock payable Feb. 15th, to stockholders of record, Feb. 4th.

GETTING CIVILIZED.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 28.—Tens of thousands of men have struck through out the Baku (Caucasus) oil fields.

ZEMSTVO ADJOURNS.

Unable to Continue Its Business With Necessary Calm.

Emperor Comes Out Victor.

Resolutions Adopted by Organization Repudiating Any Attempt to Limit or Belittle the Emperor's Autocracy, Yet Expressing Hope That Reforms Will Come.

Moscow Dec. 28.—The Zemstvo adjourned indefinitely yesterday evening after the adoption of a resolution as follows:

"This Zemstvo deeply moved by the government's note in regard to proceedings at Zemstvo meetings is unable to continue its business with the necessary calm and therefore adjourns sine die."

The resolution was signed by thirty-four delegates. Seven delegates voted against it.

Prior to putting this resolution President Trubetzkoi said that two dissenting statements had been appended to the minutes of the previous sitting. One had a single signature attached to it. The other had thirteen. The latter was as follows:

"We find it impossible to sign the proposed address to the emperor. Together with the great mass of the Russian people we firmly believe in the ancient principles of the emperor's autocracy and unconditionally repudiate any attempt to limit or belittle it, regarding it as the fundamental basis of Russia's state life. Every change which aims at a limitation of the imperial power cannot but be received by the people in the most hostile spirit because they cannot conceive any other form of government than autocracy."

MR. HEINZE PLEADED FAILURE OF MEMORY.

Suit to Recover Million and Half Dollars for Ore Mined Develops Some Things Concerning Amalgamated Copper.

Butte, Mont., Dec. 28.—F. Augustus Heinze, in a deposition before Geo. F. Douglis, a notary, in a suit brought by the Butte and Boston Mining Company against the Amalgamated Copper group, to recover \$1,500,000 for ore alleged to have been illegally mined by the Heinze interests from the Mitchell Davitt mine, acknowledged under oath that negotiations were on between him and the Amalgamated Copper Company for the sale of his properties in Butte to the Amalgamated. To many of the questions asked by counsel for the Amalgamated, Mr. Heinze pleaded a lack of memory. Mr. Heinze claims he is not now the president of the United Copper Company or the Montana Ore Purchasing Company, although he admitted that he had formerly held both those positions. He claimed that he did not know who is the president or general manager or any of the board of directors of the Montana Ore Purchasing Company. The witness, however, stated that he was still a shareholder of the company, also the United Company. Mr. Heinze admitted that he was the first president of the Montana Ore Purchasing Company and was connected with that corporation officially up to a period in the present year, the exact time of his leaving having escaped his mind. The witness could not remember the time when he had ceased to be the executive head of the United Copper Company.

MEMBER OF Shawnee Commandery Dies at Wapakoneta.

Frederick E. Kolter, a prominent citizen of Wapakoneta, died suddenly yesterday afternoon from an attack of heart trouble. The deceased was a member of Shawnee Commandery No. 14, Knights Templar, of this city and that organization will have charge of the funeral which will be held from a church in Wapakoneta Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The members of the Commandery will leave here on a Western Ohio car at 12:12 o'clock. The deceased was the father of Mrs. George Reel, of west Spring street, this city.

CONDITION OF BASILICA IS NOT SO GRAVE.

Nice, Dec. 28.—A letter written by Wm. Henry Goodyear, the curator of fine arts of the museum of the Brooklyn Institute on St. Mark's, has been republished by the newspapers here and produced an excellent effect. It seems to be the opinion of the American art educator that the condition of the basilica is not so grave as it appeared to be.

COTTON BROKE. New York, Dec. 28.—The cotton market broke 30 to 40 points on the census bureau's ginners report indicating a crop in excess of the government's estimate. There was very heavy trading on the decline.



"The Hand That Rocks The Cradle Rules The World."

MOTHER'S love starts a man or woman on the right path. The right remedy at the right time is a mother for the orphan. Motherhood is often looked forward to with feelings of great dread by most women. At such a time when she is nervous, dyspeptic, irritable and in need of a tonic—something which will calm the nervous system through the special organs, and a strength builder, she will find Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription just what is needed. Here is a medicine that has stood the test of a third of a century with approval in that time it has sold more largely than any other remedy put up especially for women's weaknesses. It is guaranteed by the proprietors not to contain a particle of alcohol—which could only do harm to a sensitive system.

WHY WOMEN SHOULD CONSIDER IN A MAN.

It is much easier for a woman to confide in the average man than in the average woman. She knows that the man will respect her confidence, and keep them to himself. He is strong, has more experience of the world and can help the woman who needs advice. Without a perfect medical understanding there can be no helpful advice, women should not trust their delicate constitutions in the hands of unskilled persons. It requires a thorough medical education to appreciate and understand the womanly organism. When a woman has life and pains that she cannot bear—when life seems dark for every woman, she should confide her troubles to a physician of standing in the community, or one who has a national reputation. Certainly it would not be the part of wisdom to confide in an ignorant person without medical education simply because she was a woman. There is every reason why she should write to some great specialist, one who has made the diseases of women

a specialty for a third of a century, like Dr. R. V. Pierce, founder of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. All correspondence is held sacredly confidential, and he gives his advice free and without charge.

SINGLES AND MARRIED WOMEN

Very often find that it is repugnant to their feelings to consult their family physician. In such a case they can put perfect confidence in Dr. Pierce, who has made such a success in the treatment of women's diseases, for he will give the very best advice possible and without cost. To grow beautiful, healthy and happy should be the desire of every woman. It is then possible to hold a husband and to make home happy and bring contentment to it. In most cases Dr. R. V. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will fit the needs and put the body in healthy condition.

So sure of it is the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, that they offer

A \$500 REWARD

For women who cannot be cured of Leucorrhoea, Female Weakness, Proflapsus, or Falling of the Womb. All that ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription restores weak and sick women to sound health, by curing the local womanly diseases which are generally responsible for the failure of the general health. A woman's entire being is centered in her womanly nature. When the delicate womanly organism is attacked by disease; when there is irregularity or a disagreeable drain; when inflammation burns and averts growth, the general health will reflect the progress of disease, in increasing weakness, nervousness, backache, headache, loss of appetite and sleeplessness.

KNOW THYSELF.

Read all about yourself, your system, the physiology of life, anatomy, hygiene, simple home cures, etc., in The Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book of 1000 pages. For cloth-bound copy send 31 cents in one-cent stamps, or for paper covered 21 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

RALLY

Of Mission Workers Held In South Side

Church of Christ During Yesterday.

Event Was Enjoyed by a Large and Interested Audience.

Boy Fell Into a Cistern—Miss Ollie Koontz Submits to an Operation Interesting News Items.

Yesterday was a day of much interest to those who assembled at the south side Church of Christ, in answer to the announcement that there would be a missionary rally held there.

Although the weather was such as to tempt humanity to stay at home, yet a fair-sized audience assembled and partook of both the intellectual and the noon-day feast; ladies having provided for the latter by taking baskets filled with foods, while prominent speakers and missionary workers supplied material for the intellectual feast.

The rally was conducted by A. McLean, of Cincinnati, who has been officially connected with the Foreign Christian Missionary society for 20 years, most of the time as corresponding secretary, but now as its president.

In the opening address, Mr. McLean said in part:

"The New Testament is the greatest of all missionary manuals. Unless viewed in that light it cannot be fully understood.

"Among the few facts recorded in all four gospels are the death, burial, and resurrection of Christ, and the commissioning of the disciples to preach the gospel everywhere. It is not accident that the great commission is emphasized by being repeated in Acts; there are no accidents with the Holy Spirit. The last words of Jesus before ascending, were: 'The uttermost parts of the earth.'

"The book of Acts, while often and correctly called 'The Book of Conversions,' is really a record of the missionary activity of the early church. At first it deals mostly with the work of Peter, because to him were given the keys of the kingdom. But the greater part of the book is a record of the labors, trials, and triumphs of Paul, the apostle to the Gentiles.

"The Epistles are for the most part, letters of missionaries to mission churches.

"And even Revelation is an anticipation of the final victory for the church of Christ. The core of the book is, 'The kingdoms of this world are become the kingdoms of our Lord and of His Christ.' The purpose of the church is to fight the powers of darkness, and no church has a right to exist that does not do this."

"The need for such a fight was strikingly shown by charts showing the proportionate strength of the great religious powers of the world against the back ground of heathenism."

Mr. McLean's address was followed by a number of short and inspiring addresses by visiting and local ministers, as follows:

The Grounds of Missionary Obligations, C. H. Bas, of Findlay.

What Christ Expects of Us, J. N. Scholes, of Lima.

The Need of More Abundant Giving, G. K. Spear, of Hicksville.

The March Offering Habit, I. J. Cahill, of Dayton.

The Program of Jesus, Frank Custer, of Lima.

Notes.

J. V. Updike, who has recently returned from an evangelistic trip to Oklahoma, was called to the front, and gave one of his characteristic stirring talks.

Another pleasant feature of the afternoon session was the presence of Rev. C. M. Rupe, of the south side Baptist church, and his cordial response to the president's welcome.

The ladies of the south side Church of Christ exemplified the law of Christian hospitality by serving an excellent dinner in the Endeavor room, to which all the visitors were invited.

Though founded only in 1875, the Foreign Christian Missionary society has 455 missionary agents at work in thirteen different countries. Its thirteen hospitals and dispensaries treat annually 70,000 people.

Fifty churches have each undertaken the entire support of one missionary in a foreign land. These churches are called "Living Link" churches.

Boy Rescued From a Watery Grave.

Yesterday about the noon hour, little Holland Thomas, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thomas, of Greenlawn avenue, had a narrow escape from

drowning.

The lad was playing about the yard of a neighbor, the Joe DeVoe home, and attempted to cross the platform over the cistern, when a plank gave way and the little fellow fell into the opening. The kitchen door chanced to be open and Mrs. DeVoe, hearing the splash and later, the boy's cries for help, went to his rescue, and with her mother, Mrs. DeTurk, of Beaverdam, succeeded in pulling him out.

In falling, the lad had grasped a piece of the board, and by holding onto it, kept his head above water.

Operation a Success.

Yesterday afternoon, at the City hospital, Miss Ollie Koontz, of south Pine street, underwent an operation. She is reported as doing nicely.

Another Operation.

Steve Blee, of west Kibby street, was operated on a few days ago, for a growth which resembled a tumor, on the back of his head behind the right ear. When the growth was removed it was found to contain a ball of hair closely entwined. Some of the hairs were a half-foot long, while most of them, hundreds perhaps, were short. This is the second time the young man has been operated on for the same affliction, but it has been several years since the first one. At that time only a few hairs were found in the growth, while this time the ball was as large as a common-sized marble.

New Store.

Fred Ulrich will open a general provision store tomorrow at 448 south Main street. Mr. Ulrich will handle groceries, salted and smoked meats, poultry, etc.

Short Sketches.

Geo. Mack, of east Elm street, is on the sick list, his ailment being stomach trouble.

D. Cramer entertained his friends with a "smoker," yesterday evening. They enjoyed a box of General Starks, a Christmas gift to Mr. Cramer from the Deisel and Wemmer Co.

A. D. Thomas, of Cleveland, returned home today. He spent the Christmas week with Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Smith, of 326 east Second street.

Jeremiah Hamilton, who had his leg broken last Friday at the Eagle stove factory, is at his home 412 east Second street, and is improving nicely. Amputation will not be necessary, and he hopes to be out in about six weeks.

L. S. Gilmore, the hardware merchant, returned today from Honewall, Tenn., where he visited his mother the past week.

Men in the blacksmith department of the Locomotive Works, presented their foreman, Robert Miller, with a gold-headed cane as a Christmas gift.

Sandusky and Fort Wayne relatives are to be visited by Mrs. James Lewis of south Main street, during the next few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fee, of east Elm street, have as their guest, his sister, Mrs. Geo. Wilson, of Lebanon, O.

Miss Blanche Obenour, of south Metcalf street, entertained Glen Lane, of Columbus, the past few days.

Gallon relatives are being visited by Miss Alice Spencer, of east Eureka street.

Rev. D. F. and Mrs. Harris, of Butler, Ind., who have been visiting his sister, Mrs. W. H. Ward, of Second street, went to Cairo today to attend a family reunion.

Mrs. W. E. Smith, of west Kibby street, is entertaining Mrs. Thos. Burgoine and daughter, of Elkhart, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Buchanan, of Linesville, Pa., are guests of their son Dr. R. A. Buchanan and wife, at 450 south Main street.

Grace church assisted her sister, the Second street M. E. church, by making her a Christmas donation of \$45.

Miss Artie Greener, of Ft. Wayne, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hutchison, of south West street.

Gilsonburg people had an opportunity last evening, of listening to

Rev. J. L. Wiltsee's lecture on "The Nativity and Boyhood of Christ."

Miss Lulu Maurer, of Sidney, is a guest of Miss Montie Shultz, of south Elizabeth street.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. C. Smith, of south Pine street, a boy.

After visiting his sister, Mrs. C. Brookins, of St. Johns avenue, O. A. Penny, returned to Scott, last evening.

PROVES HIS ABILITY.

(Boston Globe.)

Colonel J. Payson Bradley was far away from home on the last election day, a circumstance which he contemplated with regret before its occurrence, but which brought him such agreeable experience and instructive observation that he will regard it with pleasure for a lifetime.

At a dinner party of friends a few evenings ago he related the story, with frequent interruptions of applause and laughter, and (writing from memory) substantially as follows:

"The locality where I was staying was Oracle, near the Mammoth Mine, which is about 60 miles across the desert from Tucson, in Arizona, and at the foot of the San Catalini Mountains.

"The voting element of the district (there are no towns in the territory, although there are cities) is gathered from almost every section of the United States, and, to a small extent, from Mexico. It is composed of about 30 men of various callings in life—cowboys, miners, tradesmen, ranch owners, investors, etc.—and not a few who have located there in search of health. The 'learned professions,' however, are not numerously represented.

"Although the votes are so few both parties put up an active campaign for two or three weeks immediately preceding the election. The people do not vote for President in the territories, as you all know, and, therefore, the elective office generally held in chief importance is that of Territorial Delegate to the National Congress.

Even that, however, is overshadowed in the minds of the people by the position of High Sheriff of the county.

"The qualifications of a candidate for the place are not gauged by a man's service to party, his wealth or his social position. He is chosen simply for what he can do, and it requires no long campaign, with its accompaniments of literature, petitions and convention, to decide the matter, as this illustration will show you.

"A few days before the election a gentleman who sought the candidacy for High Sheriff made his appearance in the district and asked the support of the voters. Something of a crowd gathered, and he was questioned as to his qualifications for the office. He gave them in a modest and gentlemanly way, and when he had finished some one asked, 'Can you shoot straight?'

"The candidate looked around and, seeing a gentleman from Georgia with the campaign button of the Democratic candidate for Delegate on the lapel of his coat, asked him to pace off 40 paces (a good 125 feet) and put his button on a pole which was there. Whipping out a six-shooter from his belt he quickly put a bullet through almost the center of the button, which was about the size of a silver half-dollar.

"Thinking that this was merely a chance shot, a Democratic friend drew a circle about an inch larger than the button, which then he removed and immediately the shrewdly aspirant placed his remaining five bullets within the circle.

"A shout went up, everybody threw up their hands, and the spokesman stepped to the front and exclaimed: 'The record of your life is a good one, and you have proved that your qualifications to keep the peace are most excellent, therefore you are unanimously declared to be our candidate.'

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS of FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

On account of the great merit and popularity of FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR for Coughs, Colds, and Lung Trouble, several manufacturers are advertising imitations with similar sounding names with the view of profiting by the favorably known reputation of FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR.

DO NOT BE IMPOSED UPON

We originated HONEY AND TAR as a Throat and Lung Remedy and unless you get FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR you do not get the original and genuine.

Remember the name and insist upon having FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR. Do not risk your life or health by taking imitations, which cost you the same as the genuine.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR is put up in three sizes—25c, 50c and \$1.00.

Prepared only by FOLEY & CO., 92-94-96 Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY

W. M. MELVILLE, MAIN AND HIGH STREETS, AND H. F. VORTKAMP, MAIN AND NORTH STREETS.



A Captivating Romance of the Days of Chivalry by FREDERIC S. ISHAM

Author of "THE STROLLERS."

"Under the Rose" is wholly admirable, and we cannot imagine a reader getting through the first chapter and laying the book down before finishing. It is a finished bit of romantic story telling, and the plot is very skillfully arranged.

When in the year 447 B. C., Pausanias and Xerxes were plotting for the subjugation of Greece to Persian power, the intrigue was carried on in a building whose roof was a garden and a tower of roses. Xerxes, in cautioning silence, haphazardly referred to the roses above them, so that between these men the significance of the flower came to be secrecy. It afterward became the custom of the Athenians to wear roses in their hair whenever they wished the communications among themselves to be kept inviolate. Then an ancient myth has it that Cupid gave Harpocrates, the god of Silence, a rose for a bribe not to betray the amours of Venus. Thus the rose has become an emblem of silence; and things done and said Under the Rose are secret and confidential.

The author, in writing the story, has had this dual significance in mind, and the story conceals very cleverly a mystery the reader never suspects until it is suddenly revealed to him. It would be manifestly unfair to give this secret away by hinting at the plot.

"Under the Rose" is a romance of the time of the Emperor Charles V. It opens in the gorgeous court of Francis I., which is painted in luxurious colors.

The plot begins to develop immediately and continues logically toward completion through many remarkable adventures, none of which, however, are over melodramatic. We venture to call Mr. Isham's hero the finest gentleman of fiction since Gaston de Marsac.

There is a delicacy of touch befitting the courtly scenes, a gallant diplomacy of speech harmonizing with the atmosphere of the times. The characters are well drawn and the entire story exceedingly clever and original.—ST. PAUL DISPATCH.

Under the Rose Will Be Printed Serially in This Paper.

LOOK FOR IT

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Near Pontefract, France, lives a banker who has a museum of old doors.

They are from old houses, castles or abbeys that have some historic interest. Quite lately he had 1000 pounds sterling in Paris for the door through which, during the French revolution, Marie Antoinette, Charlotte Corday and Danton went out to execution.

Monsieur Serafini is about to be made a cardinal of Mexico, in appreciation of his latest work in bringing about harmony and improving the discipline of the churches in that country.

Samuel L. Hawkes, superintendent of air brakes of the Chicago & Alton road, is the only employee who has been in the service of that company for more than fifty years, or ever since the line was first opened to traffic.

It is announced in the Gazette (London) that King Edward had conferred a number of knighthoods, including one on Joseph Wilson Swan, M. A., president of the Parady society, inventor of the incandescent electric lamp bearing his name and a royal commissioner to the St. Louis exposition.

Among the Colcaid knighthoods is one for Chief Justice William Henry Horwood of Newfoundland.

A marble bust of Major General Kilpatrick, of Civil War fame, has been placed in the reception room of the secretary of war. That action was taken with the approval of Secretary Taft at the request of the widow of General Kilpatrick, now residing at Lucerne, Switzerland. The bust was

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

Wednesday, Dec. 28.

The everlasting success, the world-famed

Brothers Byrne

In their successful Pantomimic Production, the

NEW 8 BELLS.

A show that never grows old. Now better than ever. Positively the only only pantomimical, acrobatic, spectacular production before the public.

The greatest laughing show on earth.

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c; lower box \$1.00.

Seat sale begins Tuesday, 9 a. m.

made many years ago, and until now has been in the custody of the family.

That Throbbing Headache. Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, druggist, corner of Main and North streets.

We don't want to discourage the children, but we have been a Grand Boy a great many years, and Santa Claus never brought us anything much.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

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graph dispatches must be addressed,
THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT,
Lima, Ohio.

WEATHER.

Washington, Dec. 28.—For Ohio:
Snow flurries tonight, except fair in
extreme southwest portion; Thursday
fair except snow along the northeast
lake shore; high west winds diminish-
ing.

No organization deserves more cred-
it for bringing Christmas cheer into
the homes of the needy and unfortu-
nate than the Salvation Army Corps
of the country. More power and pros-
perity to them.

The president is getting out from un-
der a trust busting charge, by semi-
officially announcing that any thing
done in that line will have to be ac-
complished by congress. In other
words he got enough of usurping that
consitutional right.

With the state legislature republi-
can and the examining board of elec-
tion returns, the honest wish of the
people of Colorado that Alva Adams
should succeed the great deporter, Pea-
body, is sure to be defeated. Democ-
rats, can, however, stand the proceed-
ure, as they have been used to being
counted out ever since 1876.

For advance and reliable informa-
tion on all subjects read the Times-
Democrat. It will even keep you ad-
vised far enough ahead to prepare
your fires for a cold wave. Readers
were told Monday evening of the cold
wave which would swoop down on
this community, last night and today,
and its arrival varied neither lot or
title from the warning.

The sudden and extreme cold wave
did not cause the coal trust barons
one minutes loss of sleep, while many
a soul was freezing because of the
combination high price of their pro-
duct. Perhaps some people will now
recall that there has been evidence be-
fore the authorities at Washington
against this said trust for the last
three years, but that no definite action
has been taken to disrupt the organi-
zation.

This is the opportune time of the
year to ask your congressman for a
bag of assorted garden seeds, sci-
entifically produced by a lot of high
priced experts, and under civil service
regulations. Get them and if they
don't grow send them back with com-
ments. The failure will be investigated
by the secretary of agriculture and
the cause removed. No farmer, or
gardener, be he democrat or republican
should delay getting in on the garden
seed graft.

A HOSPITAL SUGGESTION.

With Lima decided upon as the lo-
cation of the new state hospital, it is
important on the people of this county
to meet a man as their member of
the coming legislature, who has ability,
and a reputation for getting what
he goes after. The right sort of a
man can secure the right sort of an
appropriation to build the model hospi-
tal of the country.

A PERFECT DESCRIPTION.

Judging from her published photo-
graphs, Mrs. Chetwick is a handsome
young woman with an only face and
flaxen hair. She seems to be about
thirty years of age and has the ap-
pearance of a woman of sixty. Her
face is fresh and youthful, eyes brown
and her a look of old age. She is
tall and graceful, with a dumpy, shape-
less figure. Her smile is winsome and

The Itch Fiend

That is Salt Rheum or Eczema,—one of
the outward manifestations of scrofula.
It comes in itching, burning, crusting, dry
ing, and scaling patches, on the face, head,
hands, legs or body.

It cannot be cured by outward applica-
tions,—the blood must be rid of the im-
purity to which it is due.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has cured the most persistent and difficult
cases. Accept no substitute for Hood's; no
substitute acts like it.

reminds one of a grinning death's
head.—Portland Oregonian

WILL RUN

Up to the Last Day of the
Year

Present Term of Court Will Adjourn
Sine Die at Noon
Saturday.

Judge Cunningham is putting in the
week hearing motions for new trials
and gathering up the ragged ends of
the term's litigation prior to an ad-
journment sine die at noon Saturday,
in order to comply with the holding of
the circuit court which is to the ef-
fect that the term must close within
the year.

Not Enough Proof.

The Wagner divorce suit was in-
troduced during a lull this morning,
but the court held that the evidence
in support of the petition was not suf-
ficient to warrant a decree, and it was
continued until Saturday morning.

Marriage License.

Philip Dreesch, 24, clerk, of Mercer
county, and Gertrud Leffel, 18, of
Lima, Rev. Manning to officiate.

A Story of Crime.

Jail statistics for the past year given
out by Secretary of State Laylin
Wednesday shows that the total num-
ber of persons so detained was 16,710,
of which 13,460 were natives. Of the
foreign born—the Austrians were in
the largest number—1583, with the Irish
closely following with 655 and Ger-
mans with 563; 14,997 were white,
2093 colored; 15,508 were males, 1214
females and 2455 were wholly illiter-
ate; 3343 were under majority; 19 died
in jail. The cost of keeping the pris-
oners was \$148,653.50, and the daily
cost per prisoner was on the average
52.18 cents.

Report from the Reform School.

J. G. Gluck, superintendent, Emory-
town, W. Va., writes: "After trying
all other advertised cough medicines,
we have decided to use Foley's Honey
and Tar exclusively in the West Vir-
ginia Reform School. I find it the
most effective, and absolutely harm-
less." Sold by H. F. Vorkamp and
Wm. Melville.

FIRE IN FOOD FACTORY.

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 28.—Fire
which broke out today in the Reliance
Restaurant on North Twentieth street
destroyed six buildings in the heart of
the business section of Birmingham.
Loss \$75,000.

Holiday Excursions via Pennsylvania Lines.

December 24th, 25th, 26th and 31st
January 1st and 2nd, are the dates on
which excursion tickets may be ob-
tained at Pennsylvania Lines ticket
offices for Christmas and New Year
holiday trips. For full particulars
call on local ticket agent of Pennsylv-
ania lines. 51-dec-31

For wood of any kind, call Central
Coal Co. Both phones. 89-47

PASSED WAR BUDGET.

Tokio, Dec. 28.—The house of peers
today unanimously passed the war
budget as originally proposed and the
ordinary budget for 1905 as amend-
ed by the house of representatives
and also approved the bills providing
for additional taxation and other fi-
nancial measures as passed by the
house of representatives.

Politeness Pays.

Virtue is not to be measured by os-
tentatious giving. There is frequently
more real love for humanity in the soul
of the man who removes the banana
skin from the pavement than in the
heart of the donor of the memorial
window in the church. Politeness, like
all other traits and virtues, may be-
come habitual. It is surprising how
many small acts of kindness, how
many little deeds of helpfulness, one
may do in the course of a day when
there are inclination to be kind and a
lookout kept for the opportunity. One
may set out with this intention in the
morning, and the footing up at night
—not to others, but to one's own secret
conscience—will be cheering and en-
couraging.

Whales on Their Holidays.

Professor Goldschmidt has been telling
the Christiana Academy of Science the
results of his investigations into the
migrations of whales. These creatures
hang about the coast of Norway and
England until the spring is well ad-
vanced, and then they go away on
their travels. Some go to the Azores,
others to Bermuda and the Antilles
and they cover these enormous dis-
tances in an incredibly short time.
Some of them bring back harpoons
which bear the names of ships and
other evidences of where these im-
migrants have been for their summer
holidays.

MEXICAN DRAWN WORK.

The Women Who Make It According
to French Contract.

The women who make drawn work
on a Mexican estate is not an interest-
ing worker to whom comes the money
for all the work her deft hands accom-
plish. She is a woman whose father
or brother or uncle or mother is in debt
to the "great ones." She can do the
drawn work, so the don's agent sup-
plies her with lawn or lawn a frame
and the requisite implements and in-
dicates the design that she is to fol-
low, for though you may not know it,
there are fashions in drawn work quite
as exclusive and quite as popular as
when her work is done that poor wo-
man cannot fare forth to market and
offer it for sale. It is by the term of
her peon contract perhaps already sold
to the "great don," whose tenant she
is, Miguel, his agent, takes the work,
by now as grimy as the overalls of an
engineer. He has kept account of the
time the woman has been engaged up-
on it, and for each of the many days
she may have worked he gives her 7,
8, 9, at most 12 cents, but never the
last amount unless she be a thorough
mistress of her craft.

Once a year the Mexicans for whom
the women do this work, somewhat as
the sweatshop toilers of Chicago and
New York drive their needles for a
master, meet in solemn conference and
determine what the prices shall be. So
great is the popularity of drawn work
generally that the supply never equals
the demand, and the profits made by
the Mexican masters of the drawn
work trust, for it is really that, are
enormous. The dealer pays these "op-
erators" what they demand, and they
demand much. Therefore the buyer
pays \$40 for a "cloth" that costs the
"manufacturer" 12 cents a day, labor
time, for, say, ninety days, to produce.
Filgrim.

THE FLAMINGO AT HOME.

Observation Has Proved That Both
Male and Female Incubate.

Apparently two factors enter into the
flamingoes' type of architecture—they
must build where there is mud and at
the same time erect a structure high
enough to protect its contents from
any normal rise in the water due to
tides or rainfall.

After watching a nesting colony of
flamingoes in the Bahamas for "nearly
an hour" at a distance of 150 yards
Sir Henry Blake stated that the fem-
ales sat upon the nests, while the ma-
les stood up together, evidently near-
by. My dissections, however, showed
that both sexes incubate, while contin-
ued observation from the tent revealed
the presence of only one bird of the
pair in the rookery at the same time.
The bird on the nest was relieved in
the afternoon and early in the morn-
ing. The one, therefore, which incu-
bated during the day fed at night, and
his or her place was taken by another
which had been feeding during the
day, or, as Peter put it, "I do think,
sir, that when de lady flynnings leave
de nest den de gentleman flynnings
take her place, sir; yes, sir."

Morning and evening, then, there was
much activity in the rookery. Single
birds or files of as many as fifty were
almost constantly arriving and depart-
ing, coming from and radiating to ev-
ery point of the compass.

Flamingoes in flight resemble no oth-
er bird known to me. With legs and
neck fully outstretched and the com-
paratively small wings set halfway be-
tween bill and toes, they look as if they
might fly backward or forward with
equal ease. They progress more rapid-
ly than a heron and when hurried fly
with a singular serpentine motion of
the neck and body, as if they were
crawling in the air.—Century.

Got the Pauls Mixed.

Paul du Chailin, the one time African
explorer, performed a good Samaritan
act one night in assisting along the
street a very intoxicated stranger. The
man told him where his home was,
and after considerable difficulty Du
Chailin got him to his door. The blun-
dus one was very grateful and wanted
to know his helper's name. As the
explorer did not particularly care to
give his name in full he merely replied
that it was Paul. "So it's—Paul,
is it?" inquired the man, and then,
after some moments of apparent
thought, inquired solicitously, "Shay,
ole man, did I ever get any—any—any
answer to those lo-ong letters?" wrote
to Ephraim?"

Looked Honest Anyway.

A member of the Kansas City board
of trade called a newsboy in front of
the Exchange building the other after-
noon to buy a paper and then discov-
ered that he had no small change with
which to pay for it. He wanted the
paper, so he asked the boy to trust
him. "I'll pay you tomorrow," he said.
The boy looked him over. "Yer on the
board of trade, ain't you?" he asked.
The man replied that he was. The
newsboy hesitated a moment. Then he
said: "Well, you look honest, anyway.
I guess I'll trust you fer the 2 cents."—
Kansas City Times.

Rich in Expectations.

"They're comparatively rich, aren't
they?"
"Well, I wouldn't say 'comparative-
ly,' but 'relatively.' They have a rich-
ness of whom they expect great
things."—Philadelphia Ledger.

One Advantage.

Rimer.—Do you really prefer to have
long poems sent in to you rather than
short ones? Editor.—Yes. When they're
long, you see, I don't have to think up
any other excuse for rejecting them.—
Exchange.

He that falls into sin is a man; that
glances at it is a saint; that boasts
of it is a devil.—Fuller.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Used
Solely
Chas. H. Platten

CLOSE

Of a Remarkable
Career
In the Employ

Of C. H. & D. as Pas-
senger Engineer.

John H. More Retires After
Twenty-Five Years at
the Throttle

And During That Time Never Cost
the Road a Dollar Through
Damages to Rolling
Stock.

Passenger Engineer John H. More,
of the C. H. & D., has resigned his
position and will retire from railroad
life with a clear record to his credit.
In his long service with the C. H. &
D., not one accident through his negli-
gence is recorded against him. Mr.
More is a thorough railroad man and
always enjoyed the confidence of the
officials as well as the thousands of
travelers who have ridden on his
trains in the past twenty-five years.
Engineer More was in the employ of
the company for 22 years and during
that time not one cent did he cost the
company through damage to rolling
stock—a record any veteran engineer
can be proud of.

A Double Header.

Engineer Emmet Duggan, of the C.
H. & D. is the happy father of twin
daughters, born last night.

Toledo Terminal Opened.

The handsome new passenger sta-
tion of the Toledo, Railway and Ter-
minal Co. was opened for business last
night, and between 7:30 and 10 p. m.
several thousand people visited the
new station. Souvenir cards and car-
nations were given out to the guests
as they arrived. A number of the C.
H. & D. officials were present, includ-
ing General Manager J. A. Edson,
General Superintendent Gordon, Su-
perintendent Bowen, Passenger Traffic
Manager Edwards, Assistant Gen-
eral Passenger Agent W. B. Callaway,
District Passenger Agent Benedict,
of Cincinnati; District Passenger Agent
Wood Patton, of Dayton; General
Traveling Passenger Agent J. Cory
Winans and Traveling Passenger
Agent McGrath, of Findlay, represent-
ing the C. H. & D.; General Passen-
ger Agent H. F. Moeller, and District
Passenger Agent H. C. Jameson, of
the Pere Marquette.

The new terminal station was erect-
ed at a cost of \$200,000. Half of the
space is given over to freight and half
to passenger service. The station is
complete in every detail. The interior
is finished in marble. The wood-
work is in golden oak. It is used ex-
clusively by the C. H. & D. and Pere
Marquette roads.

Death in the Family.

Train Dispatcher Geo. Reel, of the
C. H. & D., is off duty on account of
the death of his father-in-law, F. E.
Koller, which occurred at Wapakon-
et yesterday.

Trains Were Delayed.

No serious accidents were reported
on the C. H. & D., at headquarters
this morning as a result of the storm,
but like all the railroads the schedule
was more or less disarranged, several
of the trains being more than an hour
late. The principal trouble was on
the Pere Marquette division, No. 5
due here at 12:40 being an hour and a
half late.

Starting Evidence.

Fresh testimony in great quantity
is constantly coming in, declaring Dr.
King's New Discovery for Consump-
tion, Coughs and Colds to be un-
equaled. A recent expression from
T. J. McFarland, of Becksville, Va.,
serves as example. He writes: "I
had bronchitis for three years and
doctored all the time without being
benefited. Then I began taking Dr.
King's New Discovery, and a few
bottles wholly cured me." Equally
effective in curing all lung and throat
troubles, consumption, pneumonia and
grip. Guaranteed by H. F. Vorkamp,
druggist, corner of Main and North
streets. Trial bottles free, regular
sizes 50c, and \$1.00.

Why do people take up their time
with spiritualism, and mind reading,
and that kind of thing, when we have
the mysteries of how calico can be
made to sell at five cents a yard, men's
suits at five dollars, and candy at
ten cents a pound?

Brings bright, shining, merry eyes,
rich, red blood, good health. That's
what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea
will do, 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. H.
F. Vorkamp.

The ladies of the W. V. R. U. will
meet tomorrow at 2 o'clock. As there
is business of importance to transact
each lady is requested to be present.
By order of the
PRESIDENT.

A SEASON'S PLEASURE.

What It Cost Our Woman in Peace
of Mind and Comfort.

Mary Makepeace sat down in her fa-
vorite chair in her own room and
threw her head back, with a long sigh.
"No words can tell how glad I am
that I've made my last visit for the
summer," she said. "Now I shall have
some peace, not to mention pleasure."
"My dear!" said her mother reproach-
fully.

"I mean it," returned Mary. "Of
course I like change of scene, but I
am tired of adapting my whole life to
others, as I am expected to do as a
welcome guest."

"My dear!" said her mother again.
"Think how kind everybody has been to
you."

"They meant to be—they were kind,"
Mary said wearily, "yet I feel as if I
had barely escaped with my life, and
you will admit that is not just the
right kind of after feeling."

"Let me tell you, mother," Mary
continued. "At the Posters I changed
my hours for rising, for retreating and
for eating my meals. At the Lanes I
changed father's politics—for of course
I haven't any of my own—to please
Mr. Lane, and I had all I could do to
keep from changing my religion to
please Mrs. Lane."

"At the Jenkins I changed all my
views about what constitutes diversion
to suit the family in general. At the
Pages I entirely changed my point of
view concerning music and books. And
at the Nevins, where I was ill, I
changed my doctor and took stuff
which I felt sure would poison me just
to please them."

"I ate cheese, which I abhor, and
gave up fruit, which I like, at the
Peters. I slept with closed windows at
Great-aunt Maria's because she is
afraid of a breath of air, and I drank
twenty-one pints of hot water the four
days I was at Cousin Thomas' to 'flush
my system.'"

"No," said Mary in a firm voice. "I
pay no more visits for months to come.
Home keeping youth may have homely
wits, but if I go about much more I
shall not have any wits at all."—
Youth's Companion.

TRUSTING TO FATE.

An Incident That Gives an Insight
Into Russian Character.

A few years ago I was taking a
country walk in Kovno. The road lay
through a dense forest, and the day
was oppressively hot. I arrived at last
at a crossroad and sat down under the
shade of the trees to rest. A signpost
pointed the way down the converging
roads. On one of them was inscribed
"14 versts to Janova," on the other
"17 versts to Shadova." Presently
the creaking of wheels and the slow
"clap, clap" of a horse's hoofs on the
road behind roused me. A cart piled
high with timber was coming down
the road, with the driver perched on
the top of the load.

"Good day, brother," I called out as
the cart, with its sorry horse, came
abreast of me. The man returned my
salute, and the horse, glad of any ex-
cuse to rest his weary legs, came to a
standstill in the middle of the road.

"Which way are you going?" I asked.
"To Janova. There is a market there
tomorrow."

"But there is also a market in Sha-
dova," I answered, "and it is a more
important place than Janova."

"So it is, so it is," the driver replied,
with perfect indifference.
"What have you for sale?"

"Plenty of good timber, as you can
see, brother. I have worked for six
weeks to make this cartload."

"Well, good luck to you and your
timber," I said, pulling and eating the
berries within reach. "Will you take it
to Janova or Shadova?"

The man picked up the bit of cord
which served as reins and prepared to
go on.

"I shall leave that to my horse," he
answered callously.

The lumbering wagon moved off and
finally passed out of sight down the
Janova road, which the horse had elect-
ed to take.—St. James' Gazette.

Memorial to a Robber.

In the little town of Forlino, near
Bologna, there is a memorial tablet
in the Municipal theater in the mem-
ory of a famous robber chieftain named
Passatore. The reason why the the-
ater is the home of his memorial is
that in it was performed his most fa-
mous exploit. In September, 1854,
while one of Rossini's operas was be-
ing performed in the presence of all the
local beauty and fashion, Passatore
and his band "held up" the audience
and robbed them of all their valuables
to the last penny.

Perfectly Congenial.

Nagsby.—When a man and his wife
think the same thoughts simultaneously
it is a sign that they are exceedingly
congenial. Wagsby.—So? Well, then,
my wife and I are congenial all right,
for the other night when she said that
she wondered why I'd ever been such a
fool as to marry her I had been sitting
there in silence for half an hour won-
dering over the same identical thing.—
Baltimore American.

Saved the Trouble.

She.—They say that the best hus-
bands are always thoughtful in little
things. Are you that way, Mr. Smith?
Smith.—No. I don't have to be. My
wife always calls my attention to them
before I have a chance to think.—De-
troit Free Press.

By Constant Use.

"Yes, she's a woman of few words."
"And, moreover, how frayed she keeps
them looking!"—Cleveland Plain Deal-
er.

Love is only a woman's device for
wasting time.—J. M. Barrie.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN
BY
J. S. TRIGG
REGISTERED
DESIGNER, I. A.
CORRESPONDENCE
SOLICITED



Canada places a duty of \$7 per ton
on steel rails and never has yet made
a rail and is not likely to make one
this would seem to be a worse than
useless tariff protection.

Typhoid fever is strictly a filth dis-
ease, the outcome of conditions which
are entirely within the power of man
to prevent and remove. Typhoid at a
farm home means criminal neglect
near by, usually in the water supply.

Until lately it was never supposed
that the best soldier in the world
would be the product of dried fish,
sake, rice and \$1 per month. Japan
has greatly surprised the world in this
particular, especially the Russian peo-
ple.

The worst feature in an economic
way about bank failures is that they
greatly discourage the habit of saving
on the part of the people. When a
man once loses his savings he is very
apt to think that he had better spend
his money as fast as he earns it.

The center of gravity is something
which we all have to recognize, whether
in locomotion or business, and the
closer this center of gravity is to the
earth the more safely will the loco-
motive run and business be conducted.
This is one reason why farming is one
of the safest businesses on earth.

It has come to this—that colored men
in the south are getting able to attend
auction sales of real estate, bid in plan-
tations and draw their checks up to
\$10,000 in payment for them. This
ability to make money will prove the
logical settlement of the much vexed
race problem. When the darky gets
rich the color of his hide will not count
against him, for all prejudice disap-
pears before the dollar.

The possibilities connected with agri-
culture under irrigation are simply
wonderful. In the matter of raising
potatoes we think 100 bushels to the
acre a fair crop, 200 a good crop and
300 a big crop where we depend upon
the natural rainfall, yet in Colorado
there have been raised under irrigation
as many as 1,250 bushels of potatoes
on one acre of land, in Utah ninety
bushels of wheat on one acre and other
crops in proportion.

A six-weeks-old sucking pig is worth
about \$2 and will dress about twenty
pounds. A turkey weighing as much
will sell for more money. When the
pig is properly cooked it is the better
eating of the two. To have him taste
just right he must be roasted with a
cob in his mouth. This is the best pos-
sible use to make of the late fall pig,
for if spared he nine times out of ten
passes a miserable winter and comes
out in the spring a hairy, ill favored
scrub.

The farmers in Oklahoma are finding
out that the soil and climate of that
country are very accommodating when
they learn how to do things. A farmer
there the past season had a crop of
winter wheat which the drought used
up. He then s

HORNS

Locked On the Main Track.

An Inch Apart

Were Headlights When Engines Stopped.

Wreck on the L. E. & W., Near Market Street This Morning.

Engineers Each Thought the Other Engine Was on Another Track. No One Injured and But Slight Damage.

About 3 o'clock this morning, a head-on collision which fortunately was not attended by any serious results, occurred on the L. E. & W. railroad near the Market street crossing, the engine pulling an east bound freight train crashing into the head-end of a small mogul switch engine. The latter engine was in charge of engineer McRitchie and was coupled on to a caboose at the rear end of an east bound freight train which was about to double the hill between the river bridge and Wayne street. The engine was headed south and the head light was glaring at that of engine No. 33 which was pulling another east bound freight train, but engineer asked, of the latter engine, handicapped by the heavy wind and blinding snow, could not see the "tail" lights of the train ahead and thought the engine ahead of him was on the C. H. & D. track until it was too late to prevent the crash. The pilots of both engines were wrecked and the two engines were locked together with their headlights about an inch apart and in that position they were towed over to the south side yards. One pair of trucks under the caboose of the forward train were derailed, but no serious damage was done.

GOOD COOKING AND EATING APPLES 50C BUSHEL AT DIMOND BROS., WHILE THEY LAST.

SUCCESS

Still Attends the Efforts of Rev. Mitchell.

Closes A Series of Evangelistic Meetings at Lock Haven, Pa., With a Lecture.

The following from the Daily Democrat of Lock Haven, Pa., will be of interest to the friends of Rev. Clarence Mitchell:

"Clarence D. Mitchell, the evangelist, who has been assisting Rev. E. O. Irvin, in a series of meetings at the Christian church in this city, preached his farewell sermon, Sunday night. The meeting closed with 52 additions. The meeting was one of the best in the history of the church. The preaching was scholarly and characterized by courtesy and liberality. Mr. Mitchell did pastoral work for ten years with 1,000 additions to the churches where he ministered. He was pastor of the South Side Church of Christ at Lima, Ohio, his home town, for several years. In evangelistic work he has held a number of meetings in eastern and western cities with over 200 additions in a meeting. He will leave tomorrow for Mannington, West Virginia, where he is pastor of the Church of Christ and where the congregation is building a costly and handsome pressed brick church.

"On Saturday night, he delivered his lecture on 'Heavens and Hells of Married Life,' to a large audience. The lecture is replete with sound truths and humorous sentences which captivates the audience as presented in Mr. Mitchell's frank, pointed and polished style. Mr. Mitchell leaves tomorrow for his home at Lima, Ohio, leaving with him the good wishes of many new made friends in our city."

A Certain Cure for Croup. When a child shows symptoms of croup there is no time to experiment with new remedies, no matter how highly they may be recommended. There is one preparation that can always be depended upon. It has been in use for many years, and has never been known to fail, viz: Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mr. M. F. Compton, of Market, Texas, says of it: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in severe cases of croup with my children, and can truthfully say it always gives prompt relief." For sale by all druggists.

When you want a pleasant laxative, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by all druggists.

What you need is a good liver pill
The color of your skin shows it. Your sick-headaches declare it. And your disposition proves it. Who makes a good liver pill? The J. C. Ayer Co., of Lowell, Mass. They have been making liver pills for over sixty years. Ayer's Pills.



Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

A portion of the census of 1900, recently issued showing the colored population of the race in Lima as 731. The census of 1890 fixed the number at 553. The percentage of colored people to whites in 1900 is given as 2.4. Compared with total population, the number in 1900 shows a loss of one tenth of one per cent over 1890.

There was one particular spectator at the basket ball game last night, who has made himself obnoxious on similar occasions, and whose presence could well be dispensed with. He is one of the sort who likes to attract attention on account of his rudeness, and has a few trailers who see that he gets praise for conduct that most people openly condemn. When he hissed during one of the musical numbers, and attempted a few ribald jokes at various times, there were those in the audience who would have been pleased to try a struggle hold on his jugular.

N. E. Hutchinson, of Napoleon, has been chosen to succeed Prof. C. J. Britton, who recently resigned as superintendent of the public schools of Kenton. Mr. Hutchinson was connected with the Toledo schools for 10 years, and has been at Napoleon a year and a half as superintendent.

Thomas R. Shaw, who has been leasing oil lands in the Indian Territory for himself and local capitalists, is visiting his family for a few days.

It is a noticeable fact that there were fewer marriage licenses issued during the few days prior to the Christmas. The holiday is one that is usually counted on to date the celebration, but if comparisons are to be relied upon nearly everybody in Allen county got married on Thanksgiving.

Dr. F. L. Bates left yesterday for Chicago where he will take a post graduate course, giving especial attention to surgery. The school gives free access to all of the hospitals and operating rooms, and Dr. Bates will be absent for a period of seven weeks.

Walter J. Seers, representing the Sears & Nichols Canning Co. of Chillicothe, and Vice President of the National organization was married yesterday to a charming young lady in Columbus. Mr. Seers makes semi-annual visits to Lima, of several days duration and is one of the most popular salesmen that comes to the city.

The Key That Unlocks the Door to Long Living. The men of eighty-five and ninety years of age are not the rotund well-fed, but thin, spare men who live on a slender diet. Be as careful as new, however, a man past middle age, will occasionally eat too much, or of some food not suited to his constitution, and will need a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets to cleanse and invigorate his stomach, and regulate his liver and bowels. When this is done there is no reason why the average man should not live to old age. For sale by all druggists.

ST. MARYS'

Man Been Missing Since December 18.

William Masale, of St. Marys, has been missing from his home since Dec. 18. His wife and child are nearly prostrated and fear that he has wandered away and died in some unfrequented spot.

He had been in the employe of the Standard Chain company, until they closed down in November. Being an industrious man, he had brooded over the lack of steady employment, and has of late complained of severe headaches, which lead the family to believe that he is temporarily demented.

PRIMARY UNION.

The Primary Union will meet this evening at the Y. M. C. A. Mrs. Rev. Willson will teach the International lesson and Rev. Swanson will teach the Normal lesson.

GOOD COOKING AND EATING APPLES 50C BUSHEL AT DIMOND BROS., WHILE THEY LAST.

COLD

Wave Is Causing Havoc.

Mercury Drops

Fifty Degrees in Twelve Hours

At Cleveland While High Wind Cleans Sandusky Bay of All Ice.

As Result of Storm Conditions All Trains Late Chicago Are From One to Four Hours Behind Time.

Columbus, O., Dec. 28.—The wind early today was blowing forty-six miles an hour and the temperature was twelve and a half above zero.

All Trains Late.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—As a result of storm conditions, trains on nearly every railroad entering Chicago were from one to four hours behind schedule today. Great difficulty was experienced by railroad officials in securing telegraphic reports of the movement of trains.

Wires were down in many places. Points in the northwestern states could be reached only by circuitous routes.

Cleaned Bay of Ice.

Sandusky, O., Dec. 28.—The high wind last night cleaned Sandusky Bay of ice and also of water. Vessels tied up for the winter are fast aground. The steamer Lakeside, the only vessel that moves at Put-in-Bay and need three feet of water to float her.

A serious phase of the situation is the fact that the city water works department cannot get enough water to supply domestic needs. Should a fire break out, the department would be helpless. The wind is blowing forty-five miles an hour.

New York, Dec. 28.—A large steamer was reported to be ashore off Quogue, L. I. today, but investigation fails to locate her. At Quogue nothing is known as to the origin of the rumor.

Fifty Degrees Drop.

Cleveland, Dec. 28.—Within a little more than twelve hours the official thermometer at the weather bureau in this city has fallen fifty degrees and the indications are that a much lower record will be reached before the present cold wave has passed. Throughout last night and today a force gale from the west swept over northern Ohio, causing much damage to telegraph and telephone lines. The wind reached a velocity of fifty miles an hour and was accompanied by a fine driving snow.

Fog Lited.

New York Dec. 28.—The heavy blanket of fog which had hung over New York City, the harbor and bay yesterday and last night causing much delay to traffic and some accidents, was lifted early today. Water and rail traffic again began to move on schedule and a number of steamers from foreign and coastwise ports which had been compelled to wait off Sandy Hook, found the way into port early today much belated.

Going Home.

Pittsburg, Dec. 28.—The severe storm raging in the west struck this city during the night. In early hours today the wind blew forty miles an hour, tearing down signs and breaking plate glass windows. The mercury dropped fifty degrees since yesterday. The wind is steadily increasing in velocity and it is growing colder.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds; the big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

MACCABEES.

Lima Tent 142 A. O. T. M. met last night at Tolan hall and held an interesting review. There was a good attendance notwithstanding the severe change in the weather. Much important business was seen to, part of which was the interesting entertainment to be given Jan. 10th, at the installation of officers.

Driven to Desperation.

Living at an out of the way place, remote from civilization, a family is often driven to desperation by case of accident, resulting in burns, cuts, wounds, ulcers, etc. Lay in a supply of Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's the best on earth. 25c. at H. F. Vorkamp's drug store, corner of Main and North streets.

BULLETIN.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Dec. 28.—The body of Capt. Howard W. French, constructing quartermaster at the new army post here, was found today, with a bullet hole through the heart. He is supposed to have committed suicide.

Remnants.



After the Christmas Rush, then the Remnants.

During the extremely busy season, all goods have been cut regardless, and many choice remnants have accumulated during the holiday rush, all of which can be used to good advantage. Remnants of every description can be had at one-half and one-third less than regular value.

G. E. BLUM, 221-223 N. Main St.

THE STAGE.

The Brothers Byrne will appear at the Faurot opera house on tonight presenting their successful pantomimic comedy entitled "Eight Bells," a production entirely original in every detail.

The Byrne Brothers fairly excel their past efforts in the way of pantomimic work and have presented to the public one of the most enjoyable performances ever given. There is no reason to doubt it, that the Byrne Brothers are to day, the cleverest pantomimic and acrobatic actors in this country and as inventors of intricate scenery, mechanical contrivances, pantomimic tricks and illusions they have no equal. "Eight Bells" is brimful of good things and there is no end of laugh producing effects.

Chas. W. Milton, the principal comedian and monologist with the Gus Sun American Minstrels who will appear with that company at the Faurot opera house on Friday night is an entertainer of unusual talent. He tells of an experience while touring the Northwestern Provinces of Canada with a minstrel show in the early eighties. The company was booked to appear in a small town called Strathcona. During the street parade it was a difficult matter to get along the streets because of the number of Indians in town. That night they attended in a body. The show so pleased them, poor Lo made up his mind that the reservation must have the show for at least a month. The chief medicine man, in gaudy headdress and chromatic blanket, was detailed as a committee of one to arrange for the engagement, offering ten squaws, fifty blankets and twenty ponies. This was a very flattering offer indeed, but the manager could not see it that way and refused. The Indians left grumbling. The next morning it was found that the railroad track had been torn up for half a mile by the Indians. It required five days to repair the damage.

All druggists guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using two-thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for all grippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough and is pleasant and safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. nov-4m

SINGERS

Gather in Large Numbers at Van Wert.

Three Sessions in Which the Best Voices Compete in Solo and Chorus.

The first annual meeting of the Van Wert Elksclub is being held there today and Welsh singers from round about gathered to attend the three sessions. The session this morning was a competition for school children, this afternoon for ladies' choruses and church choirs and tonight male and mixed choruses will complete in the avalanche of song.

Lieutenant Governor Harding will deliver an address this evening. Quite a number of Lima people are in attendance and for their accommodation and those from Delphos, the Pennsylvania will run a special train leaving Van Wert at midnight.

Boy's Life Saved From Membrane Croup.

"My little boy had a severe attack of membranous croup and only got relief after taking Foley's Honey and Tar," says C. W. Lynch, a prominent citizen of Winchester, Ind. "He got relief after one dose, and I feel that it saved the life of the boy." Don't be imposed upon by substitutes offered for Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp and Wm. Melville.

STORY

Comes Home Piping Hot

But Is Served

With Less Relish Than the Original.

Another Pipe Smoked in the Interest of the Uncompleted Trolley Line.

An Unknown Lima Man Said to Have Made a Touch on a Recent Bond Selling Tour in Europe.

If that hoodooed stretch of railroad which is some day expected to put Lima in touch with Kenton, and Kenton in touch with Sandusky, is not completed soon, the pipe dreams will grow into a habit that will drive the originators to a permanent abode in a Chinese joss house. The very latest is somewhat of a departure and startling enough to bear repetition without the effort of locating the Lima man who has returned home with about half the gold surplus of Europe. It is expected now to be able to find the right-of-way of the electric line by following a stream of yellow metal. From Upper Sandusky comes the following diversion, as published in the Wyandot Republican:

Fred Colmery, of Tarentum, Pa., reached here early Sunday morning, and spent that day and Monday with his brother and sisters, returning home Monday night. On his way here, Mr. Colmery was a fellow passenger from Crestline with a gentleman whose name was unknown to him, but seemed to be well up in electric railway matters. When the stranger learned that Mr. Colmery was on his way to Upper Sandusky, he stated to him, unsolicited, that he was returning from Europe where he had been the past seven months in an attempt to sell \$5,000,000 worth of bonds, the money from which will be utilized in the construction of an electric railway between Kenton and Sandusky, by way of Mansfield, Upper Sandusky and Sycamore. The road, it is said, is already completed from Wapakoneta to Lima, and from the latter place to Kenton. It was stated that the extension through Upper Sandusky would be completed within the coming year.

The gentleman in question also stated the bonds had been disposed of to London capitalists and that the money was now on deposit in the Seaboard bank in New York. He showed Mr. Colmery the blue prints, which the London capitalists had seen, and which show the line and all the grades and everything necessary for such men to know. Everything appears to have been completed except the actual work of construction, and this, it is promised, will surely begin early in the spring.

The gentleman's home is in Lima, and he was very sanguine that work would surely be started in the early spring, and that it would be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible. All the information to Mr. Colmery was voluntary, and for that reason it is to be hoped that it is all the more reliable.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly, and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, O.

SWAMPED

By a Stream of Rapid Goals in Kenton Game.

Ohio State University went down to defeat before the professional champions at Kenton last night, in a hot game of basket ball, the score resulting 55 to 14. Earl Swan, who was announced as a member of the University squad, does not appear on the line-up. On the Kenton side appears the old-timers, Ellis, Eddy, Ackerman and Zentler.

CATARRH

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm. Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once.

"The Home of the Trimmed Hat."

Palace of Fashion,

117 East High Street.

Ladies, Buy Hats Here

Greatest Opportunity to Save Money.

All Hats Go Positively at 1-2 Price.

Come in and convince yourself of the truth of this statement.

YOUNG WIFEHOOD

Boston, Mass., 152 Shawmut Ave., Oct. 25, 1902.

After I had been married about four months I felt my health generally decline. I seemed to lose the light step and dragged wearily along instead. My appetite failed me and I lost health and strength. I was nervous and had shooting pains through my limbs and stomach while bearing down pains and constant headaches added to my misery. The menstrual flow became more and more profuse and I was unfit to attend to my daily duties. My husband called in three different physicians and I took enough medicine to kill or cure a dozen women, but it all had no effect on me whatever, until I took Wine of Cardui. In a few days I felt a change, for the better, my general health improved and at the next time of my periods my flow was more natural and I was in less pain. Gradually I recovered my health and strength and am now in perfect health. I take an occasional dose of Wine of Cardui which keeps me well.

I am happy to give you this endorsement.

Betty Richer
President, Back Bay Women's Club.

Why don't you try for the same health Mrs. Richer has? It is easy to secure if you take Wine of Cardui according to directions. Wine of Cardui strengthens weak and worn-out women of any age and assists the mother and housewife to bear her exacting duties. Wine of Cardui makes women fit for all the duties of womanhood.

It will relieve the pains of irregularity, cures falling of the womb, leucorrhoea, ovarian troubles, and has been known to remove what physicians considered dangerous tumors. Women who use Wine of Cardui do not suffer at the monthly periods. They do not suffer hysterical attacks, because Wine of Cardui gives them strong nerves freed from the irritation of female suffering.

A \$1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui purchased from your druggist will keep you free from pain.

WINE OF CARDUI

WE LOAN MONEY TO ALL.

ON HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

WHY NOT BORROW FROM US

And pay the Furniture Company you now owe, or those small bills that are bothering you, and owe only us?

As it is Better to Owe One Party Than Several.

No Removal of Goods.

LIMA CHATTEL LOAN CO.,

209 Opera House Block. Both Phones.

All Chronic Cases Come to Us.

MEN—We treat all Chronic, Nervous, Blood, Pelvic Diseases; also, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Pimples, Black Heads, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, etc.

Delays are fatal. Consult us at once. Consultation Free to All.

OFFICE HOURS—From 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sunday, 9 a. m. to 12.

DR. DAYTON & CO., Specialists

Opp. Court House. Metropolitan Block. LIMA, O.

San Felice

Highest Grade Cigar for

5c.

ON SALE AT ALL DEALERS.

DEISEL-WEMMER COMPANY,

Makers.

PRINCES OF THE ORIENT.

Rumors were flying thick and fast on yesterday, that Bowserox and Shindewolf, had left the domain of the High Caliph, and were touring the world, and were headed for Lima by way of Slattown. Rumors were dispatched, but no reports had been received before going to press. All princes are urgently requested to forward by fast post any information relative to the whereabouts of either. The public will be kept informed as to the movements of the distinguished personages.

Best Jackson Domestic Lamp Coal, per ton \$17.5. Central Coal Co. Both phones.

Woman's Ways

The Philosophy of Clothes and the Art of Make Believe

"To call to mind the changes in woman's dress, changes in her attitude toward life. Did you ever notice the difference between a married woman and a single one? The single one may be ever so pretty and her clothes ever so chic, but an indescribable change comes over her wardrobe after she becomes 'Mrs.' The air of assurance of having 'arrived,' also imparts itself to her clothes. She may wear white the simplest of white apparently, and yet it has a different look from the white of former days; it is a ribboned, beautifully crested white without a sign of uncertainty about its lines."

Only yesterday I was looking over a magazine of the vintage of several years back, when woman's advance was the abridgment of the belle of the century. There were many examples of the heights to which woman had raised herself from every rank in life. There were women in that magazine that a woman had knocked down a tramp on one page and closed the left eye of another member of the stronger sex on the next page. There was even— heaven save the mark!—a woman butcher, and she was enjoying business when last heard from. Ah, yes, my friends, woman was doing great work in those days! Miss Bessie Somebody broke the record for long distance bicycling; picture of Miss Bessie, bones and all, clad in an ultra chic pair of bloomers and hosiery shoes that would not have disgraced a coal heaver. Another fair exponent of new womanhood in the next paragraph had broken a collar bone and sprained both her wrists, not to speak of a tooth, doing some athletic stunt or other which "no woman had ever done before." Even the newspaper women caught the craze and did rare and desperate stunts for copy. Ah, how we have backslidden! And



compare the costume of that day with that of the present. Compare the short, stocky skirt, made almost from horse blanket and as short as the law allowed, with the present idea of a walking skirt, all graceful fullness and fluffs and soft material! How the woman's rights must gnash their teeth as they gaze upon this pernicious destroyer of woman's masculinity! And the shoes! But look at the shoes in order to make yourself comprehend the change in the female attitude! Never have so many French heels been worn, and this in place of the boys' footgear of when new womanhood was in flower. Can heroic athletic deeds be done on French heels? Can the bicycle be bestride in full, softly tucked skirts? No, the new woman that was as exact as the dodo, and who shall say the fashions do not stand as the sign of her downfall!

"Bless them, then!" ejaculated the bachelor fervently.

"He doesn't love me any mo-o-o-re!" sobbed the fair Mrs. Newlywed.

"Well?" commented the married woman of several seasons.

"And, honestly, I don't think I love him any more!"

"Well, pretend, then," remarked the older woman.

And as the young bride raised her face from the tear stained handkerchief in wonder she went on: "Nine-tenths of the world, my dear, is make believe. There are more actresses than those who go on the stage. Act in real life, and if you act well you will receive your meed of applause. Pretend that you care, play that you love him, and be most do the same. You may not either of you be any happier, but it will make the outer life so much easier. If one gives up the game the other must. If both give up, life is a wreck, and while life remains there is hope that it may yet be as it used to be. But an matter how you feel my dear, pretend just pretend; fool yourself, if necessary, but pretend that you care. That's the thoroughbred of it, and the thoroughbred always wins out in the long run."

MAUD ROBINSON.

Stomach trouble makes more physical wrecks than any other disease. Chlorophyll is the best protection against stomach trouble.

EVERYDAY NEATNESS.

Pinus Who Do Not Seem to Belong to the Same Family.

Alma and Alice are twin sisters. They have a small cottage in the country and live together. They keep a cow and chickens and do every bit of their own work under and out. It is not very heavy, not even the care of the pretty little cow. Alma attends to the cow and chickens usually, while in the division of labor the housework largely falls to Alice, because she prefers it.

In the morning both rise at the same time, early, of course. Alice makes the fire and prepares the breakfast. Alma milks the cow and feeds the chickens. At breakfast time they sit opposite each other at the table, partaking of the delicious puffy rice cakes and maple sirup, fresh eggs and fragrant coffee. Alice's handy fingers have conjured up. Alice is a boss cook, no mistake.

But, although the twins are about of the same height, breadth and thickness, although both have dark hair, a little sprinkled with gray, and dark eyes, you would never guess they belonged to the same family. Alice looks certainly ten years older than Alma. Although the morning task of Alma has been more difficult than that of Alice and has taken more time, yet Alma sits there next to a pin, for all the world as though she was dressed for a caller. Her hair is combed and done up in a tidy manner. She has deftly slipped off her overshoes and big overall milking apron and sits daintily and erect in a well made house dress, with pretty cuffs of the same material and having a white ruffle at the neck. In brief, Alma looks like a lady, as she is, every inch of her, though she does work for her living—a living obtained from the proceeds of a cow and a chicken yard.

Now look at Alice.

Alice has sat down to that delicious breakfast with unkempt hair, tousled and tumbling about her neck and ears. It looks a fright. Alice has "not time" to comb it before breakfast, she says, though if the early morning hour is not for the purpose of making oneself look a respectable human being one would like to know what it is for, that's all.

Alice has her sleeves rolled up above her elbows, and she leans her left elbow upon the table and sits sideways. Her gown is only half closed at the neck and is wrinkled and unsightly. She wears her kitchen apron at the table, and that apron is even not over-clean. Her shoes are untied and slip-slopper. She sits as uninviting an object to sit opposite to at mealtimes as can be imagined, and she is an eyesore to her clean and comely sister, who has remonstrated with her for thirty years in vain. Alma never looks at her sister at mealtimes.

"I can't bother with little fool things," says Alice. "I've no time to waste in that way. And what difference does it make at home anyway?"

Just there is where Alice makes the mistake of her life. How a woman looks in her own home is really one of the most important matters in life. No



THE TWO SISTERS AT BREAKFAST.

mother who lets herself run to seed and become a sloven can retain the respect of either husband or children. Many a man has been turned away from his wife simply because she neglected her teeth. I remember the horror with which as a child I regarded a woman relative who used sometimes to appear before us young ones without her artificial teeth. Her mouth made me actually shudder with repulsion. The recollection of that makes me imagine how unpleasant it must be to live in the same house with a woman who "lets her teeth go," as they say. America is full of the best dentists on earth, and there is no excuse for facial disfigurement through lack of their care.

Most of the women and girls in our land at least profess to hold to a religion of some kind, many belong to and dwell in families where thanks are an divinely expressed before each meal. It looks somehow like a very poor way of showing thankfulness for food to sit down and partake of it with unkempt hair and untidy clothing, doesn't it? Just when a woman's little children are growing to maturity around her is the very time when she should set them an example of neatness in shoes and stockings, in hair and clothing. Half an hour spent on herself daily will keep her trim and tidy, and it will be the most profitable spent half hour of the working day. Such trimness and tidiness in the woman at home is an absolute necessity to a refined civilization.

MARY M. BROWN

CURRENT DEVELOPMENTS.

News and Views of Interest in Various Lines of Agriculture.

By L. L. WOODS.

Washington, D. C.—The American Forestry association has arranged for a congress at Washington Jan. 26. It is expected that President Roosevelt will give an address and will also receive the delegates and that many persons of prominence not only in forestry, but in allied industries, will be present. Lumbering, grazing, irrigation and other things associated with forest conditions will receive attention.

A New Winter Vegetable.

Ovidius is a new winter vegetable lately introduced in France. In the fall the young plants are covered over with earth about two inches deep, through which the blanched stalks push their way the following March or April. One of the advantages of the plant is that it comes early in the season, before asparagus. The decapitated plants form new shoots, which serve for production the following year. Germanization of the seed seems to be slow and somewhat uncertain, and it is stated as a peculiarity in the culture of the plant that the seeds must be left uncovered; otherwise they will not germinate at all.

Recent Animal Troubles.

According to Dr. E. V. Wilcox, among the most noteworthy animal diseases reported to the American Veterinary Medical association last year by the different state secretaries were verminous bronchitis in calves in California, glanders in Florida and Kansas, influenza in Kentucky, rabies in Michigan, forage poisoning in Mississippi, cattle mange in Nebraska and Texas fever in Tennessee. In Arizona the presence of swamp fever was noted in one valley. This disease is believed to be identical with that observed in Minnesota and Manitoba. In Montana a disease of sheep known as Crusta labialis has been observed in various counties.

"Creeps," a cattle disease, appears in winter and early spring in certain parts of Texas. The first symptom of the disease is lameness. Poor animals are most often affected. The bones of the legs and the ribs break easily. No successful treatment has been devised. Better results are suggested as a palliative.

Corncrust Sugar.

A demonstration at the world's fair in St. Louis which may prove to be of very great commercial value is that of the production of sugar from corn stalks. It is claimed that unrefined corncrust sugar is superior to beet sugar in natural good flavor and equals cane sugar in amount and quality.

Professor Stewart, the discoverer of the new source of sugar, began his work in this line in 1898 in Pennsylvania, and manufacturing tests have since been continued with corn grown in different regions of the country. It is a familiar fact that the juice of the corn plant contains a small amount of sugar. Professor Stewart's discovery is to the effect that if the ears of corn be removed at about the roasting ear stage the plant will in its later growth nearly double its sugar content, raising it to a point where its manufacture may be commercially profitable. The profit in this mode of sugar making is estimated at \$3 per ton of stalks for the sugar products alone, including sirups and molasses.

And beside these there stand on the credit side the ears of corn for feed or ensilage and the various cellulose byproducts, among which the pulp is said to be superior to wood pulp in paper making. It is proposed to put the Stewart method of sugar making into operation by starting a number of factories, beginning with one at Fort Worth, Tex.

Crops Reported.

The estimate of the government statistician on the corn crop of 1904 is a total yield of about 2,433,000,000 bushels, or an average of 26 1/2 bushels per acre, as compared with an average yield of 25 1/2 bushels per acre as finally estimated in 1903, 26.8 bushels in 1902 and a ten year average of 24.2 bushels. The general average as to quality is 86.2 per cent as compared with 83.1 last year, 80.7 in 1902 and 73.7 in 1901. The preliminary estimate of the average yield per acre of potatoes is 110.4 bushels against an average yield of 84.7 in 1903, 96 bushels in 1902 and a ten year average of 81 bushels. The average as to quality is 93.4 per cent as compared with 86.4 per cent one year ago, 90.4 in 1902 and 78.4 in 1901.

The preliminary estimate of the average yield per acre of hay is 1.32 tons against an average yield of 1.34 tons in 1903, 1.29 tons in 1902 and a ten year average of 1.35 tons. The average as to quality is 91 per cent against 91.3 one year ago, 85.7 in 1902 and 91.3 in 1901.

The preliminary estimate of the average yield per acre of tobacco is 819 pounds as compared with the final estimate of 786.3 pounds in 1903, 797.3 pounds in 1902 and a six year average of 730.7. The average as to quality is 89.3 per cent as compared with 85.9 per cent a year ago.

Why Popcorn Pops.

The popcorn season is with us, but how many people know why corn pops? An explanation of the popping of corn furnished by a man of science is that the great enlargement of the kernel and change in form and texture are caused by an expansion of moisture in the starch cells. Each individual cell is a miniature sealed bomb, the walls of which are sufficiently dense to retain the moisture until it has been converted into steam under pressure.

When old and dry corn is soaked for twelve hours and then dried for an equal time it did not pop well. If kernels were allowed to dry for twenty-four hours longer the resulting kernels of popped corn were found not only to be very large, light and flaky, but had absolutely no suggestion of toughness.

Half the ill that man is heir to comes from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

FARM FIELD AND GARDEN

IN THE TURKEY SEASON.

An Expert Tells of Housing, Heavy Feeding and a Fine Finish.

Old corn is better than new for heavy feeding of turkeys, as the latter is apt to cause looseness of the bowels. If necessary to use new corn, it should be introduced into the ration gradually. If poultry have gained a strong, well developed physique by early fall they will be in fine condition for heavy feeding. As soon as they have become accustomed to grain feeding they may be fed once or even twice a day on ground oats and cornmeal mixed with milk. This should be given in addition to an abundance of wheat and corn. They should be fed each time just what they will eat up clean with a relish. Feed the grain mornings and evenings and the mixture at noon or twice between morning and evening, as best suits your convenience. See that plenty of sharp grit is always at hand for their use and provide a constant supply of fresh water where they can help themselves.

Comfort in Cold, Snowy Weather.

In cold climates where shelter must be provided for turkeys a house may be built that is fashioned after many of our poultry houses with the slanting roof. An open ventilator should be placed in front close to the roof and never be closed except in cold weather.



A TURKEY HOUSE, REAR VIEW.

The roosts should be placed on a level in front of the house, with a sliding or rolling door in the rear. Only light enough is needed for the turkeys to see the way to and from the roosts. The door should be left open all day that they may come and go at pleasure. Within this house they may be fed in cold, snowy weather.

Finishing For Fancy Market.

Some who grow turkeys for a fancy market feed them chestnuts and celery seed during the last few weeks of fattening. These are rather expensive articles of food and can only be used by those who sell their product for almost double the average market price. Such feeding imparts a pleasant flavor that adds value to the turkeys which are finished in this way, and these find ready sale at the highest prices for the tables of those with whom cost is a minor consideration. Where the scale of prices is regulated solely by quality the finest selected grades will sell from 9 to 12 cents per pound higher than will the lower grades. To grow the best is quite as easy and but little more expensive than to grow the poorer grades, and the profit gained is almost double.—T. E. McGrew.

Roup in Fowls.

Dr. A. R. Ward of California, who is an authority on fowls and a veterinarian, recently stated before an association of his medical brethren that roup in fowls has been shown to be distinct from human diphtheria. The remedies for roup must be cheap in order to be of general application. Roup is widely distributed in California. In an outbreak ninety-one hens were treated three times with kerosene, with the result that 61 per cent were cured. Kerosene appears to be the best remedy for roup. Tincture of iodine was also quite effective in certain outbreaks of the disease. It was not found possible to prevent the spread of roup by the use of corrosive sublimate in the drinking water in the proportion of 1 to 2,000. Quarantine and isolation, with thorough disinfection, give best results.

Farm Wages Are Not So Bad.

Farm wages are not so bad after all when compared on a fair basis with the pay of city help. Thus, according to statistics quoted by Superintendent J. J. Linsley of the New Haven (Conn.) state employment bureau, the average factory hand in the cities gets \$12 a month after paying for board and washing, while the average farm hand gets \$14 a month, including board and washing, the comparison showing a balance of \$2 per month in favor of the farm laborer. In this part of the country most farm hands earn more than \$14 net and are correspondingly better off, but they do not handle quite so much cash as does the milk hand, and they do not feel as flush on pay day.

As a matter of fact, their chances to get ahead in the world are in nearly every way much better.—American Cultivator.

The Better Eye.

A yellowish tinge in the skin is considered a point of great importance in Jersey cattle. How much foundation there may be for it has never been satisfactorily determined, remarks an exchange, but there is an impression among certain breeders that the presence of an orange circle around the eye is indicative of the ability of the cow possessing it to not only produce a great yield of butter, but to give butter of good quality and the highest flavor.

For cracked hands, chapped lips, and rough skin, Pinocaine is the nicest, quickest, best cure. One application in one night proves it. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist.

AN ORDINANCE. To levy special assessments to pay the cost and expenses of improving McDonald street, from a point fifty-three feet north of Kibby street to the Ottawa river, by constructing thereon and thereunder a public sewer. Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Lima, State of Ohio, as follows: Section 1. That to pay a portion of the costs and expenses heretofore determined to be specially assessed for the improvement of McDonald street, from a point 53 feet north of Kibby street to the Ottawa river by constructing thereon and thereunder a public sewer, there be, and there is hereby levied and assessed upon the several lots and tracts of land abutting upon said street between said points, and to the respective owners of such lots and tracts of land, as shown in the schedule hereinafter set forth, it being found by the Council and hereby declared that each of said lots and tracts of land has been benefited by said improvement in an amount not less than the sum so levied and assessed against the same, said schedule referred to above giving a description of the several lots and tracts of land so assessed, with the names of the several owners thereof, the number of feet assessed, the rate per foot front and the total of each several assessment, being as follows:

Lot No.	Name.	Fr. Assessed.	Rate.	Total
4680	Matilda Peck.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4681	Andrew J. Lones.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4682	George M. Miller.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4683	Adam Fritz.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4684	Alexander H. Smith.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4685	Edward M. Goble.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4686	Lillian L. Shermershorn.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4687	Calvin A. Hillary.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4688	Mrs. M. D. Clark.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4689	Mrs. M. D. Clark.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4690	Mrs. M. D. Clark.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4691	John & Mary O'Brien.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4692	Catherine Rennie.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4693	Mrs. M. D. Clark.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4694	Mrs. M. D. Clark.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4695	Mrs. M. D. Clark.....	52.78	.374	19.74
4696	Mrs. M. D. Clark.....	52.78	.374	19.74
24 E. Satterthwaite.....		1249.22	.374	467.21
25 Mrs. M. D. Clark.....		196.00	.374	73.50
City of Lima, Ohio intersections and 2 per cent.....				\$242.14

Section 3. This ordinance shall take effect against each lot and tract of land shall be paid as follows: One-half in cash upon the going into effect of this ordinance, and one-half within three months from the date of the payment of Section 4. That said assessments shall be paid to the City Treasurer as provided by section three above, and shall be applied to

THE SELFISH COUPLE.

Husbands and Wives Who Refuse to Mingle in Society.

Selfishness is the bane of all life. It cannot enter into life—individual, family or social—without cursing it. Therefore if any married pair find themselves inclined to confine themselves to one another's society, inclined to go abroad and mingle with the life around them, disturbed and irritated by the collection of friends in their own dwelling or in any way moved to regard their social duties as disagreeable, let them be alarmed at once.

It is a bad symptom—an essentially morbid symptom. They should institute means at once for removing this feeling, and they can only remove it by persistently going into society, persistently gathering it into their own dwelling and persistently endeavoring to learn to love and feel an interest in all with whom they meet. The process of regeneration will not be a tedious one, for the rewards of social life are immediate.

The heart enlarges quickly with the practice of hospitality. The sympathies run and take root from point to point, each root throwing up leaves and bearing flowers and fruit like strawberry vines if they are only allowed to do so.

It is only sympathies and strawberries that are cultivated in hills which do otherwise. The human face is a thing which should be able to bring the heart into blossom with a moment's shining, and will be such with you if you will meet it properly.

The penalties of family isolation will not, unhappily, fall entirely upon your selves. They will be visited with double force upon your children. Children reared in the home with few or no associations will grow up either boorish or sensitively timid.

It is a cruel wrong to children to rear them without bringing them into contact with polite social life. The ordeal through which children thus reared are obliged to pass in gaining the ease and assurance which will make them at home elsewhere than under the paternal roof is one of the severest, while those who are constantly "accustomed to a social life from their youth are educated in all its forms and graces without knowing it.

Great multitudes of men and women all over the country are now living secluded from social contact simply from their sensitive consciousness of ignorance of the forms of graceful intercourse.

They feel that they cannot break through their reserve. There is, doubtless, much that is morbid in this feeling, and yet it is mainly natural. From all this mortification and this deprivation every soul might have been saved by education in a home where social life was properly lived. It is cruel to deny to children the opportunity not only to become accustomed from their first consciousness to the forms of society, but to enjoy its influence upon their developing life.

Society is food to children. Contact with other minds is the means by which they are educated, and the difference in families of children will show at once to the accustomed eye the different social character of their parents. But I have no space to follow this subject further, and I leave it with you, with the earnest wish that you will consider it and profit by the suggestions I have given you.—"Timothy Titcomb's Letters" in Boston Globe.

Coughs, Colds and Consumption.

Few people realize when taking cough medicines other than Foley's Honey and Tar, that they contain opiates which are constipating besides being unsafe, particularly for children. Foley's Honey and Tar contains no opiates, is safe and sure, and will not constipate. Don't be imposed upon by taking substitutes, some of them are dangerous. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp and Wm. Melville.

two per cent. of the total cost, amounting to all to \$242.14, which shall be paid out of the Special Street Assessment fund of the City of Lima, Ohio, as per report of the City Civil Engineer now on file in the office of the Department of Public Service, Section 2. That the said sum of \$242.08 be, and hereby is assessed and apportioned to the several lots and tracts of land abutting upon said street between said points, and to the respective owners of such lots and tracts of land, as shown in the schedule hereinafter set forth, it being found by the Council and hereby declared that each of said lots and tracts of land has been benefited by said improvement in an amount not less than the sum so levied and assessed against the same, said schedule referred to above giving a description of the several lots and tracts of land so assessed, with the names of the several owners thereof, the number of feet assessed, the rate per foot front and the total of each several assessment, being as follows:

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HOME-SEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

West, Northwest and Southwest via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines to points west, northwest and southwest, account of Home-seekers' Excursions, during December, January, February, March and April. For full particulars regarding fares, routes, etc., call on local ticket agent of these lines.

51-Dec-31-d&w

So far as reported, the only time when a woman thinks sensible gifts are best, is when she is buying for her husband.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

WILLIAM T. AGERTER, Plaintiff.

vs.

C. M. MILLER, Defendant.

Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the court of common pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the court house in Allen county, Ohio, on Saturday, the 24th day of December, A. D. 1904, between the hours of 10 o'clock and 12 o'clock m., the following described lands and tenements, situated in the city of Lima, Allen county, state of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. thirty-one (31) in Lakewood subdivision of that part of the southwest quarter (34) of section thirty-six (36) in township three (3) south, range six (6) east, in Allen county, Ohio, lying between Park addition and the west line of said section and that part of the south east quarter (34) of section thirty-five (35) township three (3) south, range six (6) east, Allen county, Ohio, lying between Woodland avenue and the east line of said section.

Appraised at \$150.00.

Terms of sale, cash.

E. J. BARR, Sheriff, Allen Co., O.

Lima, Ohio, Nov. 23, 1904.

Prophet and Eastman, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Wed-thu 36-5-wks.

NORTHERN-OHIO RAILWAY CO.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northern Ohio Railway Company, for the election of directors and other general purposes, will be held at the office of the Lake Erie and Western Railroad Co. in Lima, Ohio, on Monday, January 9/1905.

The transfer books will be closed Dec. 19th, 1904, at 3 o'clock p. m., and will be reopened January 10, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m.

CHARLES F. COX, Secretary.

52-mon-tu-4-wks

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Citizen's Loan and Building Co., of Lima, O., will be held at their office on Friday, Jan. 20, 1905, at 7 p. m., for the election of directors and auditors and such other business as may come before them.

L. A. FELTZ, Secy.

Lima, Ohio, Dec. 20, 1904.

A NEW SANTA CLAUS

HE IS THE MAIL CARRIER OF THE RURAL FREE DELIVERY SYSTEM.

Uncle Sam's Messenger Makes a Good Substitute for the Venerable St. Nicholas—His Arduous Holiday Labors.

In the city Santa Claus no longer comes down the chimney, because in so many houses and apartments old-fashioned places and stoves have given place to steam radiators and similar heating arrangements. How could Santa Claus, with all his bundles, manage to travel through steam pipes and burst through a radiator?

In the country they still have stoves and chimney holes and sometimes open fireplaces, but in the delivery of Christmas presents Santa Claus, who is getting rather indolent, has found an excellent substitute for himself in the rural carrier who is paid by Uncle Sam to collect and distribute all kinds of matter that may be sent with postage stamps.

In the establishment of the rural free delivery Uncle Sam greatly facilitated the work of Santa Claus, for the mail carriers are generally young and husky fellows who can carry on their backs or in their wagons loads that might stagger the old gentleman who has been accustomed to distribute the presents to the young folks. Under the modern system the Christmas remembrances come in neat packages all properly stamped and addressed instead of being left in stockings or by the stove or fireplace. But when the packages are opened the gifts look just as pleasing as ever.

Sometimes they come in reply to letters sent by the farmers and their wives, and in this case the mail carrier may in the first place have issued money orders or registered letters in order to assure safe conveyance of the money or its equivalent. Orders for presents can be sent by mail and selections be made by catalogue. In this case the substitutes for Santa Claus both take the orders and deliver the



THE R. F. D. CARRIER DISTRIBUTING MAIL.

goods. Then there are the packages that come to the farmers' children from their city cousins. The rural mail carrier often brings them too. He comes to be a very popular character in one way and another around holiday time. The young people await his daily rounds with eager expectation and inspect his well filled and often overloaded vehicle with ill concealed curiosity.

Both at Christmas time and at other seasons the rural mail carrier has come to be the bearer of a great many small packages besides the letters and newspapers which are ordinarily supposed to form the bulk of his burden. To afford greater accommodation to the public, the postmaster general at Washington, Robert J. Wynne, has recommended to congress that a rate of 3 cents per pound, or any fractional part thereof, be fixed for packages not exceeding five pounds mailed at the distributing postoffice of any rural free delivery route for delivery to patrons on that route only.

The postmaster general says: "With the establishment of rural mail delivery and the increasing extension of rural telephone service by private interests there has grown up a demand by the patrons of the rural service for the delivery of small packages of merchandise, such as food-stuffs, tobacco, dry goods, drugs, etc., on an order to the local merchant by postal card, telephone or otherwise. The value of these packages of merchandise is usually small, and the present rate of postage of a cent per ounce is practically prohibitive. The patron or merchant cannot afford to pay 16 cents for the delivery of a pound of coffee or tobacco, or similar article, but if a special rate were established on such matter from the distributing office for delivery to any patron on the rural routes from that office it would be a great convenience to the patrons and become a source of revenue to the department."

The large extent of the business the postal department does through the rural mail carriers not only at Christmas time, but at other seasons of the year, is shown in the fact that the number of pieces of mail delivered on rural routes throughout the United States in the past fiscal year aggregated 906,424,121. The number of pieces of mail collected was 133,083,251. The pay of the carriers for the year reached a sum in excess of \$12,000,000. But the pay of an individual carrier is not munificent. The farmers know this, and at holiday time they extend to him the compliments of the season in gifts of vegetables and fruit and other products of the farm.

DRY OR GREEN WOOD
Delivered on short notice by the South Lima Handle Works. Large loads and right prices. Telephone No. 21.
50-11

MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

Strange Case of Adolf Beck, Who Was Punished for Another.

The case of Adolf Beck, which has recently aroused much interest in England, resembles that of Mrs. Florence Maybrick in being an example of mistaken identity. Beck's case differs from Mrs. Maybrick's, however, in that it is one of mistaken identity.

Beck was charged with obtaining money and jewels from women under false pretences. On the evidence of women who identified him he was convicted of the charge. That was in



ADOLF BECK.

1893. He served out his sentence of five years and shortly after his release was again arrested on charges like those made before and was again convicted. But afterward it was discovered that both his convictions were founded on mistaken identity, and he was granted a "free pardon."

Beck was punished for crimes committed by William Thomas, alias John Smith. A year after his first conviction and sentence a man giving the name of John Smith was arrested on the charge of defrauding women and confessed that he had been convicted in 1877 on the same charge. It then developed that when Beck was convicted in 1877, it transpired that when Beck was tried in 1904 the British home office and the prison authorities knew he was not the Smith who was convicted in 1877, yet the police made this contention, and on the strength of it he was convicted. The British press and public backed up Beck's demand for an inquiry into his case, and the committee appointed by the home secretary for this purpose finds that the judge before whom he was tried in 1896 was chiefly to blame in that he excluded all evidence favorable to the accused and refused to state a case for a higher court. Beck has rejected an offer of \$10,000 from the British government on the ground that it is insufficient compensation for his wrongful punishment.

TO BE AN EARL'S BRIDE.

Miss Daisy Leiter, Who Is Soon to Become Countess of Suffolk.

When Miss Daisy Leiter becomes the Countess of Suffolk all three of the fair daughters of Levi Zeigler Leiter of Chicago and Washington will be wives of Englishmen of aristocratic family. Mr. Leiter, who rose from a clerkship in a country store to be a partner of those famous Chicago men, Marshall Field and Potter Palmer, has one son, Joseph, and three daughters—Mary Victoria, the wife of the vicar of Ludlow, Lord Curzon; Nancy C. L., who recently married Major Colin P. Campbell, aide-camp to Lord Curzon, and Margaret, the youngest, usually called Daisy, whose engagement to the Earl of Suffolk has recently been announced.



MISS DAISY LEITER.

The Earl of Suffolk, like Major Campbell, is aide-camp to the vicar, so that the latter will soon have two brothers-in-law on his staff. Miss Daisy Leiter met the Earl of Suffolk when she and her sister Nancy visited Lady Curzon in 1898 at her vicarage in India. The earl was born in 1877 and succeeded to his title in 1898, and his baptismal name is Henry Molyneux Paget Howard. His relations with his future brother-in-law became strained some time ago because within hearing of Lord Curzon he referred to him as "the old bounder." The earl is quite a sportsman, owns 10,000 acres and has a famous picture gallery in Charlton park, his ancestral home in England.

Ordinary household accidents have no terrors when there's a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the medicine chest. Heals burns, cuts, bruises, sprains. Instant relief.



NATURE STUDY.

A Talk Before a New Jersey Society of Practical Horticulturists.

By LOUISA K. MILLER, Ohio.

Professor John Hamilton invited me to address the Pennsylvania state board of agriculture and employed me to make out a course of nature study. It included a great many things, embracing insects, forests, soils and a great deal of experimental work, hoping this subject would enter the public schools, but they say the teachers are not prepared for it themselves. Now, what does that mean? It simply means the school authorities are not prepared to take up this nature study work, and it is a matter that should be taken into consideration.

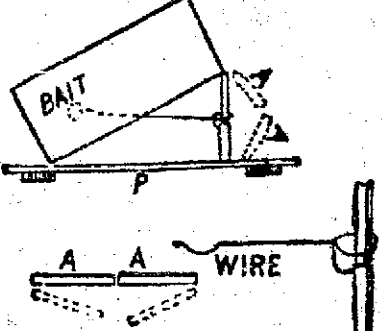
Three or four years ago President Snyder of the State Agricultural College of Michigan invited me to come to the farmers' institute, and he said, "Miss Miller, come and try to interest the children in country life." And I went there and said, "What shall we talk about?" Here were 300 farmers and about 24 children. I talked about corn. The farmers became flippant at once. They said the idea of a woman coming from the town and talking about corn! I knew they were disgusted, but I began to talk to them about the germination and cross pollination, the history of the corn and of the soil, and the first thing one farmer straightened up and then one after another in other directions, and the children became interested, and I think if the children were taught these things that are right around them they would not want to take up their residence in the city, but would stay where they are in the country. There is nothing more effective in the mental, moral and spiritual development of children than this subject.

He Hits the Nail on the Head.

A New Jersey Fruit Grower.—There is much talk in the rural districts concerning agricultural teachings in rural schools. I know as a fact that the city schools are educating their scholars better in rural affairs than the country districts. Nature study is taught, zoology is taught, and the plant life is a part of the course. Each scholar has to germinate seeds in saucers of water, sketch their appearance, carry them to the school laboratory and examine them under the microscope; then at the final examination for graduation they have to pass a written examination in zoology and plant life. The commercial men in cities demand that these be taught. The residents of the rural districts talk too much and do nothing toward having nature study in their schools. Rural school trustees talk too much. What they should do is make it a part of the course, and if the people really desire they have a remedy, which is to elect no one a school trustee who will not establish it.

A RABBIT TRAP.

A Simple Modification of the Old Time Box and Figure Four Device. A rabbit trap which is represented in American Agriculturist is made of a box two and a half feet long and two feet wide. The platform (P) on which the trap is set should be about a foot longer and a foot wider than the box.



A SIMPLE RABBIT TRAP.

The two pieces (A A) are each five inches long and an inch square. The bait and wire to which the bait is fastened should be very light, so that a slight touch on the bait will cause the trap to fall. This trap is very simple, and the illustration shows everything so plainly that it requires no further explanation.

Cheaper Food For Hogs.

The price of corn is a little high, and many farmers who have a good bunch of hogs on hand are doing some hard thinking and close figuring. Those who have kept their hogs yarded all summer and have fed them a good deal of corn are thinking they are going to come out at the little end of the horn. Those who have raised their hogs on clover pasture are feeding better and can see some profit in finishing them up in the best manner even with corn close around 50 cents. The only man I know who can see any profit in his yard raised pigs is one who has been feeding them rape and sweet corn all summer, and he counted the cutting and drawing of the feed merely one of his chores. It is gradually being forced into the mind of the farmer who farms at random that the only way to make hog raising profitable is to carry them through the summer on green food largely and that the cheapest and best green food is clover.—Fred Grundy in Farm and Fireside.

Separator Skim Milk For Pigs.

At the New Hampshire Experiment station the pigs receiving cornmeal and separator skim milk were the most hearty feeders and made the best gains. The cost per pound of gain was over 2 cents cheaper where skim milk was fed with cornmeal and middlings.

WINTER TERM.

At Lima Business College opens Jan. 2, 1905. Students assisted to positions; over 200 last year. 47-30

A PROBLEM OF THE WEST.

Cattle Mange and Its Remedies Discussed by Veterinarians.

At the recent annual meeting of the American Veterinary Medical Association at St. Louis among the many topics discussed was the cattle mange problem of the west.

G. B. Glover said scab of cattle is becoming more and more serious in Colorado. In some localities a loss of 15 per cent is reported. On the range mange shows its worst symptoms during times when feed is poor and animals are in bad condition. Mr. Glover pointed out the difficulties of controlling it in range cattle. Cattle may easily become reinfected after the mange mites have been destroyed by dipping. Compulsory dipping before shipment is considered an unnecessary hardship for the cattlemen of Colorado.

Dipping and Hand Treatment.

N. S. Mayo discussed the same problem as it occurs in Kansas. He considered quarantine and dipping as absolutely necessary. The most effective, cheapest and least injurious dip is the homemade lime and sulphur dip. Coal tar dips are considered objectionable on account of their odor, the variation in strength, the irritation which they cause to the skin and their excessive cost. Most of them cost from two to three times as much as the lime and sulphur dip. It was recommended that the dip be made so as to show a slight excess of sulphur. Cattle should be dipped twice, ten days apart, in the spring, with the dip at a temperature of 110 degrees F. Cottonseed oil was found to be effective as a dip, but was rather too expensive. Hand treatment, in the speaker's opinion, was of little value. Well fed cattle frequently become affected. Apparent recovery is always followed by a recurrence of the scab, and infection is hard to detect during the summer months.

Dynamo Oil and Sulphur.

M. E. Knowles stated that hand treatment with dynamo oil had been successful with him in 4,000 cases. To the dynamo oil about 2 per cent of sulphur is added. The best method, in the speaker's experience, for keeping the dip warm was by the use of a calorific transformer as "employed by brewer." The dipping vats in Montana contain from 10,000 to 30,000 gallons of water. N. S. Mayo reported that he had had better results with ordinary steam pipes than with the calorific transformer, but preferred a tank furnace, and strongly recommended a dip formula containing twelve pounds of lime and twenty pounds of sulphur.

The Great Crop in the West.

There is substantial agreement on the part of farmers in the western corn belt that they have a great corn crop. The yield is large in bushels and exceptionally high in quality. Weather conditions at time of maturing were almost perfect. The corn ripened perfectly and cured thoroughly in the dry, warm October days, so that its feeding value is much higher than the crop of 1903 and more of it will be marketable. Complaint of poor feeding quality in western corn has been general for several years, but it will not be heard this time. Some farmers assert that two bushels of 1904 corn are worth as much as three of the previous year's making. These things of course will have some effect on the market price, but the extent to which corn is fed on farms will have more. Old corn is practically all gone, the eastern crop is short in many places, and the new crop will have a large outlet in market if it can be had at a reasonable figure, says the National Stockman.

Contamination of Milk.

It should be borne in mind that a great majority of the species of bacteria that gain access to milk do not possess the power to produce disease and are not injurious to healthy adults, although many of them are likely to produce disorders of digestion in infants and invalids.

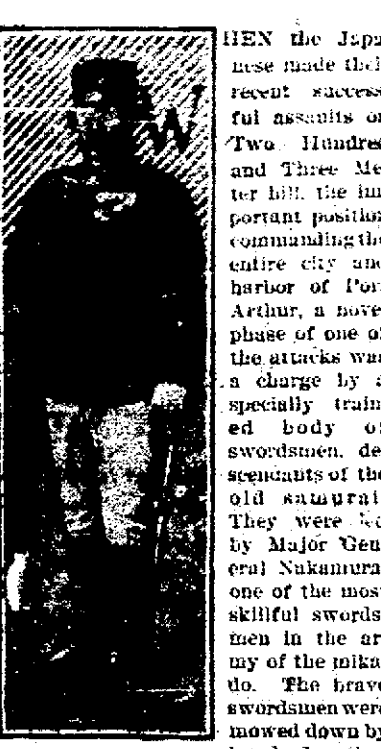
Paying special attention to cleanliness in every step of the production and cure of milk will result not only in clean milk, but in a marked reduction in the number of bacteria it contains, which will greatly lengthen its keeping qualities. That the desired results may be obtained care must be constantly exercised. It is of little consequence to practice extreme cleanliness in all of the steps of milk production but one and be filthy about that one, as this spoils the whole. Even if the majority of species of bacteria which ordinarily gain access to milk are not dangerous to health, no cure to converting milk in which a sediment is found at the bottom if it is allowed to stand for a short time. Frequently much filth is allowed to get into milk during milking, and many milkers practice the filthy habit of keeping the teats wet with milk during the milking process, yet after it is drawn the greatest care is exercised that no dust or dirt gain access to it. As far as the final result is concerned, all painstaking care in the subsequent operations is lost because of the careless work at the beginning during the process of milking, for if filth once gains access to milk no amount of care afterward can remedy the difficulty.

Potato Bugs Immune to Poison.

At a meeting of the Somerset county (N. J.) board of agriculture the state entomologist in speaking of fighting insects with Paris green and similar stomach poisons said there was a widespread complaint that the former was not as effective as it used to be. He believed this to be due in part to a difference in the making of the material, but also to the fact that potato bugs were getting somewhat accustomed to the poison and partially immune to its effects.

After a man has settled down to a quiet married life for four or five years, a rapid pace for a few nights would kill him.

FAMOUS FOLK WHO ARE IN THE NEWS

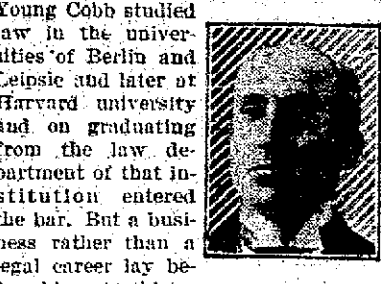


GENERAL NAKAMURA.

When the Japanese made their recent successful assaults on Two Hundred and Three Meter hill, the important position commanding the entire city and harbor of Port Arthur, a novel phase of one of the attacks was a charge by a specially trained body of swordsmen, descendants of the old samurai. They were led by Major General Nakamura, one of the most skillful swordsmen in the army of the Mikado. The brave swordsmen were mowed down by hand grenades dashed up the precipitous sides of the coveted hill. Shrapnel, hand grenades filled with dynamite and even stones were hurled down upon them by the determined Russian defenders, and the swordsmen who did not fall were finally driven back. General Nakamura was wounded in both legs, one of which was amputated later. The gallant charge of the swordsmen, failure as it was, paved the way for subsequent assaults which placed the hill in the hands of the Japanese. From their naval and siege guns steadily sank or crippled the few Russian battleships and cruisers that were still afloat in the harbor.

In the days of the shogun the samurai, who were his fighting men, all carried swords and were adepts in their use, but when the shogunate was abolished in 1868 the wearing of such weapons was prohibited. Despite this fact the Japs did not abandon sword practice and are wonderfully skillful today.

William T. Cobb, elected governor of Maine by a large majority, is one of the foremost business men of his state. His family has been prominent in Maine politics for over forty years. His father, the late Francis Cobb, established the Cobb Lime company and other industries, was an intimate friend of James G. Blaine and a delegate to several national conventions of the Republican party. William T. Cobb was born at Rockland in 1857. He was a member of the class of '77 at Bowdoin college, a class which included Robert E. Peary, the explorer, and Charles W. Morse, the New York financier. He had the distinction of being the youngest member of a large class, of being voted the most popular man in it and of being one of ten selected for commencement honors.



W. T. COBB.

Young Cobb studied law in the universities of Berlin and Leipzig and later at Harvard university and on graduating from the law department of that institution entered the bar. But a business career lay before him. At thirty-three he succeeded on the death of his father to the management of most of the large concerns which the latter had established. Through his prudent and energetic policy the value of these interests has greatly increased. The lime company of which he is president has an output of over half a million casks of lime yearly and owns a fleet of thirty-five or forty vessels. He is president of one of the largest shipbuilding concerns in New England and is an officer in many banks and corporations. He is married and has two daughters and is known as a gentleman who combines the qualities of the student with those of the business man and public spirited citizen.

Francis E. Leupp, who has been appointed commissioner of Indian affairs by President Roosevelt, has made a special study of matters pertaining to the wards of the government and has been visiting Indian reservations from time to time for the past eighteen years. It is said he is the first man appointed Indian commissioner in twenty years who has had experience with the Indians and the Indian service previous to taking up the duties of the office. Mr. Leupp's experience has been acquired in various ways. During President Cleveland's second administration he was a member of the board of Indian commissioners. Under different administrations he has been called upon to adjust difficulties that have arisen in connection with this service. Under Mr. Roosevelt he was delegated to make special investigations in several states and territories containing Indian reservations.



FRANCIS E. LEUPP.

Mr. Leupp is an author and newspaper correspondent. He was born in New York city in 1849, was graduated from Williams college in 1870 and from the Columbia law school in 1872. He is the author of a character sketch of the president entitled "The Man Roosevelt." He has for some years represented the New York Evening Post at the capital and is one of the best known members of the Washington newspaper corps.

Some people think that when they go to church and come away feeling particularly solemn, it means the Up-lift has got them.

The Hon. John Sharp Williams, leader of the minority in the house of representatives, probably has as large a fund of witty anecdotes as any man in congress, and he tells them very well.

One day while he was surely driving down a road near his home town in Mississippi Mr. Williams observed a darky reclining under a tree near the roadside. The negro was gazing lazily up through the branches of the tree, and a hoe lay beside him. In the cornfield adjoining the road were many weeds.

"What are you doing there, Sam?" asked Mr. Williams.

"I's heah to hoe dat corn, sah," was the reply.

"Then what are you doing under the tree—resting?"

"Not exactly, sah; I ain't hardly restin', 'cause I ain't tired. I'm waitin' for de sun to go down, so I kin quit work."

Mr. Williams also tells of a friend who bought a pair of loud checked trousers. His negro valet envied him and wanted them. They did not seem to be coming his way fast enough, and he threw some grease on them.

"Charley," said my friend, "take these trousers and clean them. There's a grease spot on them."

Charley took the trousers, didn't do a thing to them and brought them back in half a day.

"Deed, boss," he said, "I can't get dat grease out."

"Did you scrub them well?"

"Yas, sah."

"Did you try a hot iron and a piece of brown paper?"

"Yas, sah."

"Did you try ammonia?"

"No, sah. I ain't done tried 'em on me yet, but I knows they'll fit me."

Lieutenant Grapville R. Fortescue got knocked out in a boxing contest not long ago, but he has the satisfaction of knowing that it was no less a man than the president of the United States who dealt the blow which put him out. Mr. Roosevelt has taken to using the gloves recently, and when the young army officer, who is a cousin of Mrs. Roosevelt, called one day at the White House, he was invited to have a little bout with the president. They fell to punching each other good humoredly, but quite earnestly.

and at last the chief magistrate of the nation landed a stiff right under squarely on his opponent's left cheek which knocked him down and out and left a small discoloration under his eye to remind him of the honor of such a defeat.

Persons who think that the life of an ambassador of the United States to a foreign country is necessarily one of luxury and ease have a mistaken idea. Joseph H. Choate, who, according to report, will soon be recalled as American ambassador to the court of St. James, is said to be such a hard worker that he often goes to his desk before 8 o'clock in the morning, though the office hours are not supposed to begin until 11. He finds a large mass of correspondence awaiting him and opens every letter personally. He is closely occupied until 1 o'clock, when he takes a brief half hour for luncheon, and though the office closes at 3 he rarely leaves it before 5.

Sometimes he works until well into the evening. His engagements at dinners and other social functions constitute, of course, an important part of his work. With so much to do the ambassador cannot afford to waste time. Mr. Choate is far from being a famous for apptness at repartee. They are still telling in England the story of how Bishop W.'s nephew went to see Mr. Choate one day when he was very busy.

"Take a chair," said Mr. Choate.

The young visitor was very impatient. He exclaimed:

"But I'm Bishop W.'s nephew."

"Take two chairs," said Mr. Choate.

In conducting the suit of Hunt, the great architect, against Mrs. Paron Stevens Mr. Choate dwelt upon her humble origin and her successive rises in the social world, concluding with: "At last the arm of royalty was bent to receive her gloved hand, and how, gentlemen of the jury, did she reach this imposing eminence? (Pause.) Up on a mountain of unpaid bills."

Representative Hay of Virginia tells of an altercation in a colored club in Richmond that resulted in nearly all the members being baled before a police magistrate, says Collier's Weekly.

"You were present during this trouble?" asked the magistrate of a witness.

"Yes, yo' honah."

"Then tell us, in a few words, just how the difficulty began?"

"Well, yo' honah," replied the darky, with much gravity, "I think it was when he chairman of de entertainment committee swatted de secretary ovah de head wif de lovin' cup."

Even Then.

"Think twice before you speak, and even then nine times out of ten the world won't lose anything if you keep still."—Somerville Journal.

Some people think that when they go to church and come away feeling particularly solemn, it means the Up-lift has got them.

The ruts in a turnip must needs be raised far apart to insure good size, flavor and sweetness. Canadian hobs almost a monopoly on the production of this turnip.

Nebraska has good reason to feel proud of her grand crop of corn this year. She claims to hold second place among the corn producing states in amount produced, in quality of grain and yield per acre.

Some of the new cotton growing sections of Oklahoma which have been highly particular not to let a colored man locate in the neighborhood are just now up against the proposition that it is hard to take care of a cotton crop without a darky.

Fire has been almost as great an enemy of our forests as the ax. Not a year passes that large tracts of valuable timber are not utterly destroyed. The very wasteful processes of modern lumbering provoke these fires and greatly increase their frequency and destructiveness.

It would be hard to beat this granger for gall. He had been owing a coal bill for two years, and when the coal man wanted to buy his load of hay he had to ante up the money for it in order to get it. The plea of the granger was that if he did not get the money from the coal man he could from some one else.

While the corn crop of 1904, take the whole country over, is not quite as large as that of 1896, still it is doubtful if a more profitable corn crop was ever raised owing to the good price which the corn demands and the very superior quality of the crop. The crop this year is made up of well matured ears, full of oil and fat forming properties, and is therefore worth more to feed than usual.

After all, it is the homely, old fashioned, common food which tastes the best and surfeits the least. The fancy bills of fare of dining cars, high priced hotels and banquet boards are simply not in it with the good old bill of fare mother used to cook at home. Simple food means good digestion; good digestion means good temper and good health. Pudding and milk beats pate de foies gras, and baked beans beats a French ragout.

The newly invented corn huskers are being given a good trial this season. So far as tried, they seem to be able to husk about 500 bushels of corn per day and do it fairly well, or badly, as the condition of the standing corn in the field will permit. It will not result in doing the work so very much cheaper than by hand, but will enable men with big cornfields to be in a measure independent of so much hired help, and that is the main thing sought.

A reader wishes to know if he can grow red clover and blue grass together. These grasses may be sown together with advantage where a permanent blue grass pasture is desired. The first two years the field will be mostly clover, which will mostly disappear at the end of the second year, when the blue grass will fully occupy the ground. Where a blue grass meadow has become weedy and barren in spots there is no better treatment for it than to disk it both ways thoroughly with four horses and a well loaded disk, then harrow, if smooth and sow about four quarts of medium clover seed per acre.

The corn belt proper really covers but a limited area of the vast territory of the United States. The Pacific coast will never raise any corn to speak of. The forty-third degree of north latitude marks the northern boundary of the territory where the crop may be depended upon. The eastern states are not suited to the production of the crop. Neither are the southern states. The eastern half of Kansas and Nebraska, the north half of Missouri, a limited section of South Dakota and the states of Iowa, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio embrace about all of the available corn growing territory.

Notwithstanding that the disk harrow has proved to be one of the most useful farm tools ever invented it was very slow in coming into general use. The same thing is true of the manure spreader, which is a close second to the disk in point of value and usefulness. Where thirty head of stock are kept, be they cattle or horses, on any farm, the manure spreader will easily pay for itself every year. It makes the most valuable product of the farm immediately available for succeding crops, and while thus increasing the yield also insures cleaner and better premises and greatly economizes the labor of utilizing the manure.

Those of us who live on the plains, the prairie regions where a bill or bluff a hundred feet high becomes a landmark for all the country round, often have a longing for the hills and mountains of other sections—crave a vision of them as something which lifts us up from the dead level and monotony of level prairie landscapes. We then envy the dwellers among the hills, with their infinite beauty and variety of scenery, of cloud capped summits, of vistas of greenery fading away into the infinity of space, for the sense of shelter and protection which they give, forgetting all the barrenness, sterility, the painful effort of man to wrest a living from them, the impeded means of communication and transportation, the wrecking roads and all that. Still we love the hills, and as the Indian ever sought communication with his gods from their summits so is the white man lifted up and made better by visions of the hills.

If a woman is old fashioned, she always says to those about to leave the house, in winter: "Why don't you wrap up your ears?"

LAST

Sad Rites Will Be Conducted

By the Masons

Over the Remains of Jas. W. Griffin.

Scottish Rite Ceremonies Will Be Performed at Residence.

Post Mortem Examination Revealed the Fact That the Deceased's Heart Was in an Imperfect State.

The last rites over the remains of Jas. W. Griffin, whose sudden and tragic death was a shock to his legions of friends yesterday, will be held tomorrow afternoon at the deceased's late residence, 519 West Market street, and at the receiving vault in Woodlawn cemetery. The service at both the home and the cemetery will be conducted by the Shawnee Commandery and the ancient accepted Scottish Rite Masons, the deceased having been a member of both branches of Masonic order. Mr. Griffin was also a charter member of Garrett Wyckoff lodge, No. 585, a member of Lima Chapter No. 49, Royal Arch Masons, Shawnee Commandery No. 14, Knights Templar, and was a director and the vice president of the Lima Masonic Hall Company. The remains will be placed temporarily in the receiving vault in Woodlawn cemetery.

The Post Mortem.
The disclosures of the post mortem examination which was held over the remains by Coroner Rice, Dr. E. G. Burton and Dr. J. B. Vail, yesterday afternoon, substantiate the theory, advanced yesterday, that Mr. Griffin's death was not electrocution but was the result of an organic trouble which could not withstand an electrical shock of small voltage. The physicians found that the deceased's heart was abnormally large and had been in a serious physical condition for some time, though it is possible that he could have lived for several years had it not been for the shock which he received from the electric current.

Manzan is the Pile remedy that reaches the spot and stops all pile pain instantly. If you suffer with blind, bleeding, itching or protruding piles and want to be cured, it is only necessary to use Manzan, the great pile cure. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist.

The Woman's Relief Corps ladies will please meet in Memorial hall tomorrow at half past nine to sew and quilt. Let there be a good attendance for we have work that must be finished soon.

H. S. Prophet and daughter, Miss Catherine Prophet, left this morning for Columbus to attend the great Allied Educational Association of Ohio which convenes in that city and holds its first general session this evening at 7:30 p. m. at the Board of Trade Auditorium, continuing through the week.

RESIDENCE

Of Dr. Creps Damaged by Fire This Morning.

The fire department was called to the residence of Dr. A. H. Creps, at Bellefontaine avenue and Elm street, about 9:40 o'clock this morning to extinguish a fire that had started under the floor of the sitting room, originating from the heat of the furnace. The hand chemicals and one stream of water were used by the firemen before the fire was extinguished. Considerable damage was done to the floor and to one carpet.

WILL CLOSE

During Funeral of the Late Jas. W. Griffin.

The Lima Trust Co. will be closed at 1 o'clock tomorrow on account of the funeral of the late J. W. Griffin, who was a director of that institution.

The Ohio National Will Close.
The Ohio National Bank will be closed at 1 o'clock tomorrow on account of the funeral of the late J. W. Griffin, who was a director of that institution.

BORN
A brand new idea.
A tooth brush with a flexible handle.
Wonderfully pleasing.
Say "P.S." (Proprietary Special) please, to your regular dealer.

Always sold in the yellow box.

WOOL BLANKETS.



A Blanket Bargain.

All Wool Grey Blankets, full size, 72 by 84 inches and weighs five pounds to the pair.

They are well worth four dollars per pair. Our special bargain price will be

\$2.50 the Pair.

There will be only fifty pairs sold at this price.

This makes a fine cold weather bargain.

G. E. BLUM,
221-223 N. Main St.

NEPHEWS

Of the Deceased Served as Pall Bearers

And Carried the Remains to Their Last Resting Place in Woodlawn Cemetery.

The last sad rites over the remains of the late Merton E. Seals, were held at the bereaved home on West Market street yesterday at 10 o'clock. There was a large attendance of friends and the floral pieces were numerous. Rev. G. F. G. Hoyt, Rector grand in design and extensive in of the Episcopal church, officiated at the services and preached the funeral sermon, paying a beautiful tribute to the memory of the departed one. Mrs. Seals, who has no children to comfort or in her grief has the heartfelt sympathy of a wide circle of friends who mourn with her in the loss of her good husband and life companion. The pallbearers were the six nephews of the deceased: S. S. C. T. M. M. E. W. E. M., and Roy Seals. The body was laid away in Woodlawn cemetery.

Just eleven months and eleven days had elapsed since the death of the deceased's brother, the late J. M. Seals.

The out-of-town relatives at the funeral were: the deceased sister, Mrs. Henry Cooper and husband, of Mt. Vernon, Mrs. Joseph Basler, Mrs. Barclay and daughter Mary, of Steubenville, Ohio.

APPLES 50C A BUSHEL AT DIAMOND BROS.

CHRISTMAS DINNER.

At the beautiful country home of Mr. and Mrs. Melvin F. Boyd, a Christmas dinner of three courses was served in honor of the Bogart family. Mrs. Boyd being a Bogart before marriage. The dining room was artistically decorated in palms and holly. The presents were many and beautiful. Those present were, W. S. Bogart and wife, Lafayette, A. F. Bessire and wife, Lima; Albert Davis, wife and family, Beaverdam, Jacob Bogart and wife, Lima; C. A. Bogart and wife, McComb; O. E. Bogart and wife, Beaverdam; M. M. Bogart and wife, Bluffton; Harry Patterson and wife, Bluffton; Mr. Jones and wife, Lafayette; Mrs. F. M. Lindsay, Muncie, Ind.; Mrs. Florence Bogart and daughter, Bluffton.

Sufferers from dyspepsia or any stomach trouble are requested to call at Hoover's drug store and Heister's drug store, on Thursday, Dec. 29th, where the Mueller Chemical Co. will have their representative all day, and get a free bottle of Chloropexoid, the greatest known stomach remedy. Try it free.

7675 PAUPERS IN OHIO.

According to statistics compiled by Secretary Shire of the board of state charities, the total number of persons in the county infirmaries of the state on Nov. 30 was 7675. The receipts during November were 170 more than the discharges.

SHAWNEE COMMANDERY, NO. 14, K. T. FUNERAL NOTICE.

Members and visiting Sir Knights are requested to report at the Asylum in Masonic Temple, Thursday, Dec. 29, 1904, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., in full uniform for escort duty at the obsequies of our deceased Frater, Sir Knight, James W. Griffin.

WALTER N. BOYER, E. C.
GEO. B. HOLLAND, Rec.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

MET

The Champions of the World

In the Game

Of Basket Ball at Auditorium.

Chicago Adds Another Victory at the Expense of Lima Y. M. C. A.

Locals Started Well But in the Second Half the Visitors Took a Sport That Opened the Breach.

The much talked of game has been played and the national champions, Chicago Central Y. M. C. A. continue on their uninterrupted tour of victories.

Not even the most sanguine expected Lima Y. M. C. A. to do better than make a good showing against the visitors, and even this was somewhat of a disappointment. The Buckland Guards, of Fremont, were defeated Monday evening by the Chicagoans by a score of 35 to 23, but Lima was moved down by a margin considerable more, the total result being 50 to 20. But there are some bright spots to be rewarded in spite of the defeat, which was made much more severe on account of one particularly weak spot in the guarding of the great forwards. It was like a broken cog in a wheel, and when the revolution reached that point there was a slip which counted always for the visitors.

In the first half, Lima made an excellent showing, except for repeated fouling, and they suffered to a considerable extent from that source, because of the rigid interpretation of the rules by Referee Reynolds. It can be said right here, and in no better place, that Lima's enthusiasts marred the game at frequent intervals by unmerited cat-calls and hisses. They let their loyalty to the home team run riot when better and sounder judgment should have prevailed. It is too frequently the case that spectators who know nothing whatever about the rules, and couldn't distinguish a foul from a Kansas blizzard, give vent to their disapproval when the referee holds a player at fault. The fact that the members of the Lima team, and others who know the fine points of the game, concede that Mr. Reynolds was absolutely fair and impartial in his decisions, places those who did more than protest in a class by themselves. If games are to be won in Lima, no matter what team is playing, let them come honest, and not by the tactics so bitterly complained of on the part of the Piqua aggregation.

Expectancy was at fever heat when the whistle blew which called the teams to the floor. A second later the great indoor game was off with a dash and for the first ten minutes of play, Lima did excellent work against the champions. The fact that Lou Landick in center had his man at a disadvantage, and was able to keep the ball at Lima's end of the floor after every toss up, added to the enthusiasm, and although the visitors gradually added to their lead, it was not so rapid as to promise a one-sided defeat. In the meantime, Miller Landick and Warren McLaughlin were doing heroic work at forward, the passing being of a glit order, and Witmer was taking care of his man like a veteran. A little more team work and accuracy in quick shots would have helped the home cause, but it was the first game and against the fastest aggregation in the world.

The second half saw a change in Chicago's line up. The great Schommer said to go without a peer in center, made good his title and it was in these last twenty minutes that Chicago sailed out of sight, while at the same time keeping Lima's score down to the minimum. From a score of 21 to 12, it leaped by bounds to half a hundred against Lima's twenty. A change of players from Taylor to Stoniker, the latter going to forward and Miller Landick to a guard position, did not suffice to stem the tide.

The line-up and points made by individual players was as follows:

Chicago
Jardine M. Landick
Right Forwards
Berggren McLaughlin
Left Forwards
Marius, Schommer L. Landick
Center
Watson Witmer
Right Guards
Anderson, Collins, Taylor, M. Landick
Left Guards

The score:
Goals—Berggren 3; Schommer 5; Watson 5; M. Landick 3; McLaughlin 3; L. Landick 1; Witmer 1.
Free throws—Jardine 22, McLaughlin 2; L. Landick 2.
Totals—Chicago 50; Lima 20.

HYMEN

Held Complete Sway at the Hover Home.

Miss Kathryn Hoover Wedded to Mr. Chas. Herbst.

Following Ceremony the Happy Couple Left for an Extended Trip South. Home Ready for Their Reception.

This morning at 10:30 occurred the marriage of Miss Kathryn Hoover and Mr. Charles Herbst, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ezekiel Hoover, on West Market street. The arrangements were exceedingly simple though none the less beautiful in detail. As Mrs. John Roby finished singing "Your Lips Have Told Me That You Loved Me," in her most charming manner, to the perfect accompaniment of Mrs. Jason Lamson, the bride and groom entered the west parlor, unattended, where Dr. Robert J. Thomson, in the presence of the thirty relatives and most intimate friends, performed the service that binds their lives for better or for worse, using the ring ceremony. The bride wore a shirt-waist suit of white wool. Immediately following congratulations, the guests were served with a wedding breakfast of two courses, small tables being placed throughout the rooms. The decorations were of green and red, suggestive of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbst left at 12:55 on the C. H. & D. for a trip south, the bride wearing a very becoming suit of brown cloth. Upon their return they will be at home to their friends at 634 West Spring street, which is all in readiness for their home-coming.

ANOTHER ORANGE SALE AT DIAMOND BROS. THIS WEEK. REGULAR 40C ORANGES FOR 30C.

When you're broke the girls are shy; They turn and fly as you come nigh; Brace up old man, show some pluck; Take Rocky Mountain Tea; 'twill change your luck. H. F. Vorkamp.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Dora Klein has gone to Texas to spend her holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. Youlger Brydon, of Elizabeth, Pa., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Brydon.

Fred Eastman is spending a portion of the holidays with his former classmate, Karl Figley, at Van Wert.

Miss Goldie Carr, of Lima, is visiting friends in Van Wert.

Miss Dora Gast has gone to Decatur, Indiana, to visit friends.

August Gast has gone to his home in Mercer county.

Jas. Baumgartner and Henry Linderman of Delphos, were Lima visitors yesterday.

Mrs. M. Jettinger, of Delphos, visited her daughter Miss Eda who is ill at the city hospital, yesterday.

Mr. Wm. Dutcher, of south Pine street, is entertaining his brother, Ira Dutcher, of Syracuse, N. Y.

Mrs. Dr. Arter has gone to Van Wert to spend the holidays and attend the Elsteddod.

Mr. H. V. Kunkle and family, of Toledo, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. N. V. Kunkle, of this city.

Mrs. Chas. R. Lango, of Cincinnati, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. P. Conner, of the Oregon flats.

Miss Mary Durbin, of Kenton, O., and Mr. James Durbin, of Spokane, Wash., spent yesterday with Mr. and Mrs. B. Blacree, of Greenlawn avenue.

Mrs. Ella Stewart and daughter, of Dayton, O., spent yesterday with Mr. and Mrs. B. Blacree, of Greenlawn avenue.

Mrs. E. J. Sullivan and daughter Marie, of north Elizabeth street, were visiting friends in Sidney.

Ray Neely, of west High street, accompanied by Miss Katherine Maurer, will leave for Marion, O., Thursday, where they will spend a few days with friends.

Misses Hattie and Mary Cassidy and Mayme Fitzgerald, of Middletown, and Mr. Lou Reed, of Bowling Green, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Milton Reed.

Mrs. Joseph Schwinnen and daughter, Mrs. Wanda Swartout, of north Main street are spending this week with friends in Toledo.

Rev. J. B. Mooney formerly assistant at St. Rose, now pastor of St. Mary's church at Bellevue, Ohio, is a guest at St. Rose parsonage.

Harry Vorkamp, of the Niagara University, is spending the Christmas vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Vorkamp, of north Main street.

Miss Myrtle Lloyd, of Evanston, Ill., is the guest of Miss Ella Smallwood, of north Main street.

The Misses Jennie and Ella Smallwood, and their guest Miss Lloyd and Miss Mabel Barr, went to Van Wert today to attend the Elsteddod.

40C NAVAL ORANGES FOR 30C DOZEN AT DIAMOND BROS.

CARTER & CARROLL.

Grand Clearing Sale

Of Fine Fur Coats and Fur Neck Pieces.

Gift money can be most economically and satisfactorily spent in the purchase of furs.



Astrakhan Jackets, 24 in. long, best Leipzig dyed skins, guaranteed Skinner satin lining, value \$37.50. Sale Price.....\$22.00
Astrakhan Jackets, 24 in. long, best Leipzig dyed skins, guaranteed Skinner satin lining, value \$40.00. Sale Price.....\$25.50
Electric Seal Coats, thoroughly guaranteed, best quality Skinner satin lining, 24 in. long, value \$35.00. Sale Price.....\$25.50
Electric Seal Coats, thoroughly guaranteed, best quality Skinner satin lining, 27 in. long, value \$37.50. Sale Price.....\$27.50
Electric Seal Coats, thoroughly guaranteed, best quality Skinner satin lining, 30 in. long, value \$40.00. Sale Price.....\$30.00
Electric Seal Coats, trimmed with Hudson Bay beaver, Skinner satin lining, 24 in. long, value \$45.00. Sale Price.....\$29.75
Near Seal Coats, very best quality, thoroughly guaranteed, 24 in. long, value \$50.00. Sale Price.....\$35.00
Near Seal Coats, very best quality, thoroughly guaranteed, 27 in. long, value \$55.00. Sale Price.....\$37.50
Near Seal Coats, very best quality, thoroughly guaranteed, 30 in. long, value \$60.00. Sale Price.....\$40.00
Near Seal Coats, very best quality, thoroughly guaranteed, 48 inches long, (3 4 length) value \$85. Sale Price.....\$55.00
Near Seal Coat, very best quality, natural Mink trimmed, 24 inches long, value \$75. Sale Price.....\$50.00
Near Seal Coats, very best quality, Hudson Bay Beaver trimmed, 24 inches long, value \$65. Sale Price.....\$55.00
Near Seal Coats, genuine Black Marten trimmed, 24 inches long, value \$65. Sale Price.....\$55.00
Krimmer Jackets, splendid quality, guaranteed lining, 22 inches long, value \$45. Sale Price.....\$25.00
Astrakhan Cape of best quality Leipzig, Skinner satin lining, 30 inches long, value \$30. Sale Price.....\$22.50
Astrakhan Cape of best quality Leipzig, Skinner satin lining, 36 inches long, value \$35. Sale Price.....\$27.50
Electric Seal Cape, very best quality, Skinner satin lining, 30 inches long, value \$30. Sale Price.....\$22.50
Near Seal Cape, best quality Skinner satin lining, 36 inches long, value \$35. Sale Price.....\$27.50
Wool Seal Cape, genuine Black Marten collar and edge, Skinner satin lining, 36 inches long, value \$37.50. Sale Price.....\$27.50
Genuine Black Marten Cluster Scarfs, 6 Marten tails.....\$3.75
Genuine Black Marten Bluster Scarfs, extra large, 6 tails.....\$5.00
French Marten Scarfs, 6 fox tails, extra large size.....\$4.95
River Mink Boas, flat shape, cord and tails, 60 inches long.....\$4.95
Japanese Marten Boas, round shape, 90 inches long, large fox brush. Special.....\$10.00
Fox Boas, 60 inches long, large brush, Isabella and Sable color. Special.....\$7.50
Single Skin Fox Boas, Isabella or Sable, finished with large brush, \$22.50, 18.50, 16.50, 15.00, 13.50, 12.50 and.....\$10.00
Double Skin Fox Boas, from 60 to 100 inches long, Isabella or sable color, \$42.50, 37.50, 35.00, 32.50, 27.50, 25.00, 22.50 and.....\$18.50
Natural Mink Cluster Scarfs, fox tails, \$10, 8.75 and.....\$7.50
Baum Marten Cluster Scarfs, fox tails, \$15.00, 12.50 and.....\$10.00
Genuine Stone Marten Cluster Scarfs, fox tails.....\$7.50
Hudson Bay Beaver Cluster Scarfs, fox tails.....\$8.75
Mink Muffs, in large and varied assortment of shapes, price range, \$18.50, 15.00, 13.50 and.....\$12.50
Fox Muffs, in the new large shapes, \$22.50, 18.50, 15.00, 13.50, 12.75 and.....\$10.00
Genuine Black Marten Muffs, flat or round shape, \$12.50, 10.00, 8.75 and.....\$7.50
French Marten Muffs, new flat shapes, \$6.75, 7.50 and.....\$10.00
We show a large and varied assortment of children's and misses' furs in sets or single pieces, all marked at about One-Half Price.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 28.—Prices advanced a small fraction all around on a moderate volume of opening dealings in the stock market today. Canadian Pacific led with a rise of 1 1/2 c. Baltimore & Ohio gained about a point and Atchison and Amalgamated Copper large fractions. Thirty five hundred share of Rock Island sold at 37 3/8%, compared with 36 3/4% last night.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—Cattle, receipts 10,000; market 15 and 25 cents higher good to prime steers \$8 25@6.50; poor to medium \$3 90@6. stockers and feeders \$2 35@4.30, cows \$1 50@4.35; calves \$2 20@4.50, canners \$1 60@2.60, bulls \$2.20@4, calves \$2.40@7. Hogs, receipts 9,000, market 10c higher, mixed and butchers \$4.45@4.70, good to choice heavy \$4 60@4.70; rough heavy \$4 45@4.55; light \$4 40@4.60, bulk of sales \$4 55@4.65. Sheep, receipts 10,000; sheep strong lambs 5c higher; good to choice wethers \$4 10@4.20, fair to choice mixed \$3.45@4.65; native lambs \$5@7.10.

Toledo Grain.

Toledo, O., Dec. 28.—Wheat—Cash and Dec. 116 3/4; May 118 1/2; July 101 1/2.
Corn—Cash and Dec. 46, May 46 1/2, July 46 3/4.
Oats—Dec. 32 1/4; May 34 1/8.
Cloverseed—Cash and Dec. 7 1/2, Feb. 7 7/8; March 8 1/2.

Last Week's Rush Left Us With

TOO MANY

China Cups and Saucers worth \$2.50 but must be sold if we can't get but \$1.50 a dozen.

TOO MANY

Jardiniers that have never sold for less than 50c. Our basement is chuck full. Come and get your pick at 35c or three for \$1.00. An Unheard of Bargain.

TOO MANY

China Salads decorated and gold stippled. Never was known to sell for less than 25c. We just have 432 left that 17c each will buy if sold this week. Get a merry tread on your gait if you expect to get next to a good thing.

LIMA TEA CO.

21 Public Square.

SUICIDE IN STORE.

Terre Haute, Ind., Dec. 28.—Train ton Thompson, prominent in business, social and religious circles, committed suicide today in his office. He was manager of mining properties of J. Smith Talley, the millionaire mine owner. Deceased also represented other capitalist. The cause of the suicide is a mystery.